

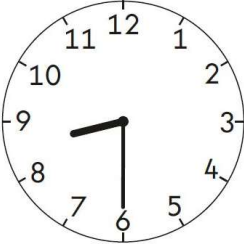

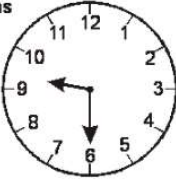
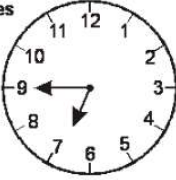
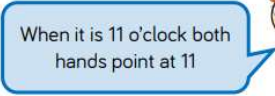

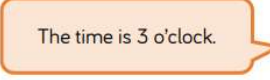
Area of Maths = Measurement

<p>Definition: "Use of standard units to determine size or quantity in regard to length, breadth, height, area, mass or weight, volume, fluid volume, capacity, temperature and time."</p> <p>From Jenny Eather's A Maths Dictionary for Kids http://www.amathsdictionaryforkids.com</p>	<p>Metric Vocabulary:</p> <p>Length / Height Millimetre (mm), Centimetre (cm), Metre (m), Kilometre (km)</p> <p>Area Square centimetre (cm²), Square metre (m²)</p> <p>Volume Cubic centimetre (cm³), Cubic metre (m³)</p> <p>Mass / Weight Milligram (mg), Gram (g), Kilogram (kg), Tonne (t)</p> <p>Capacity Millilitre (ml), Litre (l)</p> <p>Temperature Celsius (°C)</p> <p>Time Second, Minute, Hour, Day, Week, Month, Year, Decade, Century</p>	<p>Metric Conversions:</p> <p>Length / Height 10 millimetres = 1 centimetre, cm 100 centimetres = 1 metre, m 1000 metres = 1 kilometre, km</p> <p>Mass / Weight 1000 milligrams = 1 gram, g 1000 grams = 1 kilogram, kg 1000 kilograms = 1 tonne, t</p> <p>Capacity 1000 millilitres = 1 litre, l or L</p> <p>Time 1 minute = 60 seconds 60 minutes = 1 hour 1 day = 24 hours 7 days = 1 week 1 Year = 12 months ≈ 52 weeks 1 Year = 365 days (366 in a leap year) 1 Decade = 10 years 1 Century = 10 decades = 100 years.</p>	<p>Imperial Vocabulary:</p> <p>Length / Height Inch, Foot, Yard, Mile</p> <p>Mass / Weight Ounce, Pound, Stone</p> <p>Capacity Pint, Gallon</p>	<p>Imperial to metric approximations</p> <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left; padding: 5px;">Imperial unit</th> <th style="text-align: left; padding: 5px;">Metric unit</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">1 inch</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">≈ 2.5cm</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">1 foot</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">≈ 30cm</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">1 yard</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">≈ 91cm</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">1 mile</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">≈ 1.6 kilometres</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">1 ounce</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">≈ 28 grams</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">1 pound</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">≈ 454 grams</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">1 stone</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">≈ 6.4 kilograms</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">1 pint</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">≈ 568 ml</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">1 gallon</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">≈ 4.5 litres</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Imperial unit	Metric unit	1 inch	≈ 2.5cm	1 foot	≈ 30cm	1 yard	≈ 91cm	1 mile	≈ 1.6 kilometres	1 ounce	≈ 28 grams	1 pound	≈ 454 grams	1 stone	≈ 6.4 kilograms	1 pint	≈ 568 ml	1 gallon	≈ 4.5 litres
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Declarative knowledge

Measurements	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>Automatically recall...</p> <p>Blue highlight = Roche's Specific Expectations</p> <p>Red font = Roche's Priorities for Revisiting</p>	<p>What the day is today, what it was yesterday and what it'll be tomorrow.</p>	<p>Value of monetary coins and notes on sight.</p> <p>Recall days of the week and months of the year.</p> <p>The time in o'clock and half-hour intervals.</p>	<p>Units of measure for length / height (cm/m), weight (g/Kg), capacity (ml/l) and temperature (°C).</p> <p>The symbols of pounds (£) and pence(p).</p> <p>Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day.</p> <p>The time in 5 minute intervals.</p>	<p>How to find the perimeter of simple 2D shapes.</p> <p>The number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year.</p> <p>Read time to the nearest minute.</p> <p>Roman Numerals to XII.</p>	<p>1cm = 10mm 1m = 100cm 1m = 1,000mm 1km = 1,000m</p> <p>1kg = 1,000g</p> <p>1l = 1,000ml</p> <p>24 hour equivalent of a 12 hour time.</p>	<p>Formula for finding the perimeter and area of squares and rectangles.</p>	<p>Formula for the area of a parallelogram.</p> <p>Formula for the area of a triangle.</p> <p>Formula for the volume of a cuboid (including cubes).</p>

Year 1

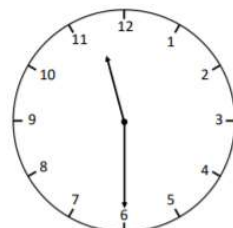
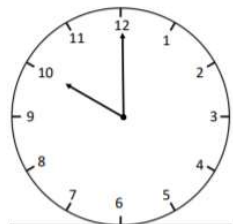
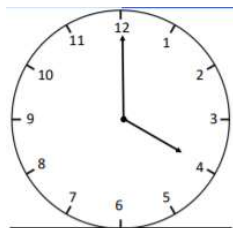
Year group:	NC L.O.	Practical	Pictorial	Abstract	Problem Solving	Reasoning
		Make it! SAY IT	Show it/Draw it! SAY IT	Read/Write it! SAY IT		
1	<p>Measure and begin to record time (hours, minutes, seconds).</p> <p>Compare, describe and solve practical problems for time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later].</p>	<p>Clocks</p> <p>Watches</p> <p>Stopwatches</p>	<p>Images of clockfaces:</p> 	<p>Match the times to the clocks.</p>  <p>9 o'clock</p> <p>Two o'clock</p> <p>5 o'clock</p>	<p>Swimming Pool</p> <p>Opens</p>  <p>Closes</p>  <p>At what time does the pool open?</p>	<p>When it is 11 o'clock both hands point at 11</p>  <p>Alex</p> <p>Is Alex correct? Explain your reasoning.</p>  <p>The time is 3 o'clock.</p>  <p>Amir</p> <p>Can you spot Amir's mistake?</p>

1

Sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening].

Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.

Write down the times shown on the clocks:



Draw the times shown on these clocks:

Sort the activities into **before** and **after** school.



Can you think of one more activity for each group?
Can you sort the activities into three groups labelled **morning**, **afternoon** and **evening**?

Tommy is drinking a bottle of orange juice.
Match the words to the bottles to order them.



Mia is describing her day.



Mia

First, I went to the park.
After lunch, I went to the cinema.
Before the cinema, I went to a café for lunch.

Can you draw a picture and write key words, to order Mia's day?

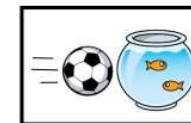
First

Next

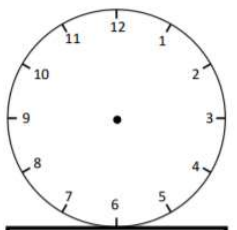
Then

Draw pictures to show what could have happened before and after.

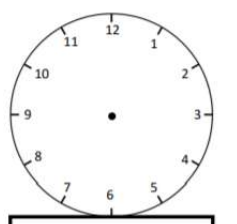
Before



After



9:00



10:30

1 Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years.

Calendars
Diaries

Fill in the missing days of the week and complete the sentences.
 Sunday • Today is Wednesday, yesterday was ____
 Tuesday • Yesterday was Monday, today is ____
 Wednesday • Today is Saturday, tomorrow is ____
 Thursday • Tomorrow is _____, today is Wednesday.

Sort the days of the week into school days or non-school days.

Sunday

Thursday	Saturday	Friday
Wednesday	Tuesday	Monday

At school	Not at school
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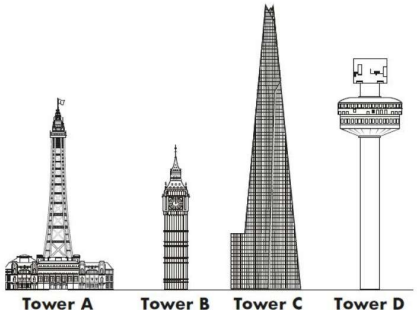
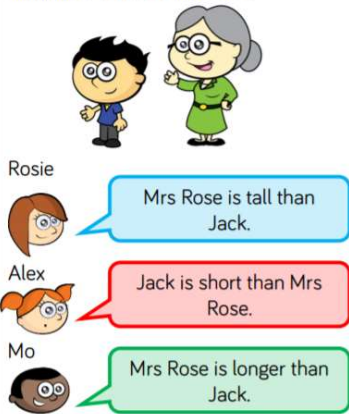

Eva is practising chanting the months of the year.



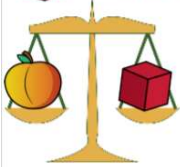

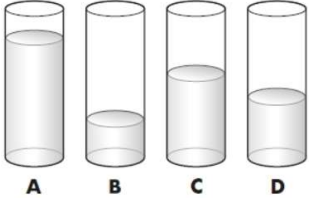


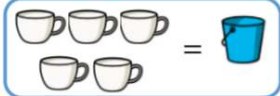

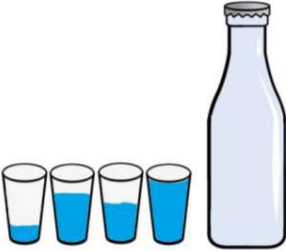
She says,












January, February, May,
 April, March, July, June,
 August, September,
 November, October,
 December.















Eva is incorrect. Correct her mistakes.

<p>1</p>	<p>Measure and begin to record lengths and heights.</p> <p>Compare, describe and solve practical problems for lengths and heights [for example, long or short, longer or shorter, tall or short, double or half].</p>	<p>Measuring apparatus (Metre sticks, rulers)</p> <p>Multilink cubes to use as a standard unit of length</p>	<p>Questions that involve images for comparison, such as:</p> <p>Use the words taller and shorter in the sentence stems to compare the height of the man and the boy.</p> <p>The man is _____ than the boy.</p> <p>The boy is _____ than the man.</p> 	<p>Questions without images for comparison, such as:</p> <p>Draw a line in your book that is longer than your pencil. Then draw a line that is shorter than your pencil.</p> <p>List five things in the classroom that are taller than you. List five items that are shorter than you.</p>	 <p>Put the four towers in order from tallest to shortest.</p>	<p>Rosie, Alex and Mo are comparing the height of Mrs Rose and Jack.</p>  <p>Rosie: Mrs Rose is tall than Jack.</p> <p>Alex: Jack is short than Mrs Rose.</p> <p>Mo: Mrs Rose is longer than Jack.</p> <p>Can you improve their sentences to make them more accurate?</p>
<p>1</p>	<p>Measure and begin to record mass/weight.</p> <p>Compare, describe and solve practical problems for mass or weight [for example, heavy or light, heavier than, lighter than].</p>	<p>Scales</p>	<p>Questions that involve images for comparison, such as:</p>  <p>The _____ is heavier than the _____.</p> <p>The _____ is lighter than the _____.</p> <p>The _____ is equal to the _____.</p>	<p>Recording weights</p>	<p>Mrs Gardner has put four objects in order, starting with the lightest.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A feather 2. A car 3. A book 4. A table <p>Can you spot Mrs Gardner's mistake?</p>	<p>"I'm thinking of an object. It is heavier than a pencil, but lighter than a dictionary."</p> <p>What object could Jack be thinking of? Prove it. How many objects can you think of?</p>

					<p>Can you re-write the list correctly?</p>  <p>How many cubes does the teddy bear weigh? Explain how you know.</p>	   <p>Amir says, The apple is heavier than the peach, because it weighs 4 cubes.</p> <p>Teddy says, The apple and the peach weigh the same.</p> <p>Who do you agree with? Explain why.</p>
<p>1</p>	<p>Measure and begin to record capacity and volume.</p> <p>Compare, describe and solve practical problems for capacity and volume [for example, full or empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter].</p>	<p>Measuring jugs, beakers, cups</p> <p>Give children the opportunity to explore practically using water or sand.</p> <p>Show me full containers.</p> <p>Show me empty containers.</p> <p>Show me almost full.</p> <p>Show me almost</p>	<p>Images showing volume of liquids</p> 	<p>Recording volume</p>	<p>It takes 5  to fill 1 </p>  <p>How many  will it take to fill 2 buckets?</p> <p>What about three buckets?</p> <p>Four buckets?</p> <p>What do you notice? Can you continue the pattern?</p>	<p>Whitney pours her cups into the bottle and they fill it exactly.</p>  <p>She says the bottle has a capacity of four cups. Do you agree?</p>

		empty.				
1	Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.	Coins and bank notes.	Images of coins and notes	<p>What am I? I am silver. I have 7 edges. have the picture of Britannia next to a lion on me.</p>	<p>How many 1p coins would you need to make 20p? How many 2p coins would you need to make 20p? How many other ways can you make 20p using the same coins?</p> <p>Match each coin to the correct box. One has been done for you.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px;"> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;">Less than </p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 200px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: 150px;"> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;">More than </p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 200px; margin-top: 5px;"></div> </div> </div> <div style="margin: 10px 0;">      </div>	<p>Sally says: The silver coin must be worth more because it is bigger than the gold coin.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; gap: 20px; margin: 10px 0;">   </div> <p>Do you agree?</p>

Year 2

Year group:	NC L.O.	Practical	Pictorial	Abstract	Problem Solving	Reasoning
		Make it! SAY IT	Show it/Draw it! SAY IT	Read/Write it! SAY IT		
2	<p>[EXS] [KEY] Tell and write the time to fifteen minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. (Drip feed all year!)</p> <p style="color: green;">Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day.</p>	<p>Clocks (mini and large)</p>	<p>Clock faces</p> <p>Timetable of events to order</p> <p>Draw the hands on these clock faces.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><small>Draw the hands to show the time.</small></p>  <p>6:25</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>quarter to nine</p> </div> </div>	<p>Word problems with no images.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p>14 How many minutes in one hour?</p> <p>Circle the correct answer.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">24 12 60 16 360</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <p>How many hours in one day?</p> <p>Circle the correct answer.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">24 12 60 16 360</p> </div>	<p>Which of these clock faces shows a time between 5 o'clock and 7</p> <div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap; justify-content: space-around;">       </div> <p>Write the time...</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>1 hour before</p>  <p>_____</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>1 hour after</p>  <p>_____</p> </div> </div>	<p>The minute hand has fallen off the classroom clock.</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p>Lunchtime is at 12:00</p> <p>Are the children late for lunch?</p> <p>Explain your answer.</p> <p>Sam, Max and Jo are telling the time.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>The time is half past 6</p> <p>Sam</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>The time is half past 3</p> <p>Max</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>The time is half past 2</p> <p>Jo</p> </div> </div> <p>Who is correct?</p> <p>What mistakes have the other children made?</p>

2

Compare and sequence intervals of time.

Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day.

Clocks (mini and large)

Write <, > or = to make the statements correct.

half an hour 40 minutes

1 hour 100 minutes

50 minutes 1 hour and 5 minutes


1 hour and 10 minutes 70 minutes

90 minutes three-quarters of an hour

13 Put these times in order, starting with the shortest.

1 hour 1 minute 30 seconds half an hour

<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
shortest			longest

It takes Mo three-quarters of an hour to walk home from school. 
It takes Sam 1 hour and 5 minutes.
It takes Kim 70 minutes.
Who takes the longest time to get home?
Who takes the shortest time?

2

[EXS] Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure **length/height in any direction (m/cm)**; mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.

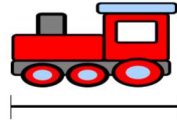
Compare and order **lengths**, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using symbols for greater than, less than and =.

Rulers: 30cm, 1m, tape measures + trundle wheel

Pictorial Scales/Rulers

Testbase Questions with pictures

ITP



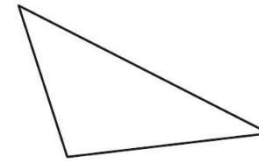
Use a ruler to measure the length of this train.

Testbase Questions with no pictures

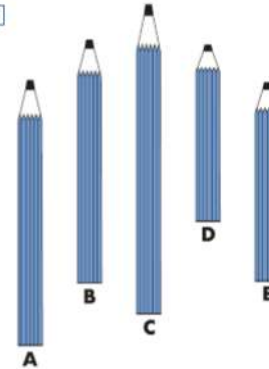
Greater than, less than, equals symbols

Measuring and drawing straight lines.

1 Measure the longest line.
Use a ruler.



2



Pencil C is the longest pencil.

Order the rest of the pencils.

You may use a ruler.



True or False

Explain your reasoning.

18cm > 9cm

27cm < 17cm

100cm > 1m

Ron and Jo want to measure the length of the string.



It is impossible!

Ron

Explain why Ron thinks this.

I think that I can find a way.



Jo

What way might Jo be thinking of?

Explore with pieces of string.



2

[EXS] Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.

Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using symbols for greater than, less than and =.

Weighing scales
Balancing scales

Pictorial Scales

Testbase Questions with pictures

ITP

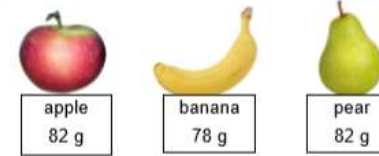


What is the mass of this bear?

Testbase Questions with no pictures

Greater than, less than, equals symbols

6 Jack measures the mass of some fruit.



Look at these signs.



Write the correct sign in each box.

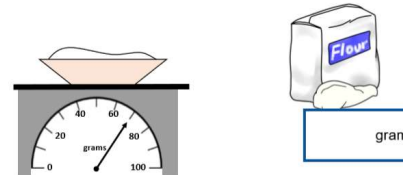
mass of the banana mass of the pear

mass of the apple mass of the banana

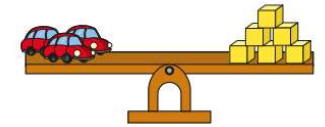
mass of the apple mass of the pear

5 Milly needs 100 grams of flour.

How much more flour does she need to add to the bowl?

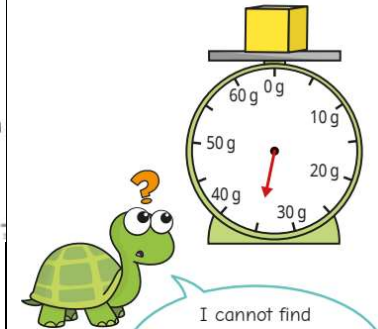


Which object is lighter, a car or a cube?



How do you know?

Tiny uses scales to find the mass of a cube in grams.



I cannot find the mass of the cube, because the arrow is not pointing to a number.

Do you agree with Tiny? Why?

2

[EXS] Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); **capacity (litres/ml)** to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.

Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using symbols for greater than, less than and =.

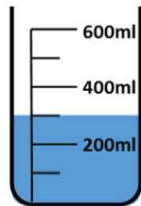
Measuring Vessels

Liquids

Pictorial Scales

Testbase Questions with pictures

ITP

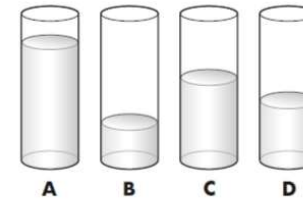


How much water is in this container?

Testbase Questions with no pictures

Greater than, less than, equals symbols

Sahil, Marta & John have 700ml of pop between them. Sahil and John drink the same amount. Marta has 100ml more than Sahil and John. How much do they all drink?



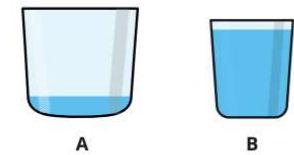
Sort the glasses from **least full** to **most full**.



These 3 bottles each have more than 20ml of water in but less than 50ml. The green bottle has 5ml more than the red bottle. The blue bottle has 10ml more than the green bottle. How much could each bottle have in?



Here are two cups of water.



Cup A has a greater capacity and a greater volume than cup B.



Do you agree with Tiny?

Why?

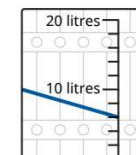
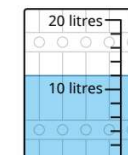
Mo and Sam both think that they have shown 6 litres of water in the barrel.



Mo

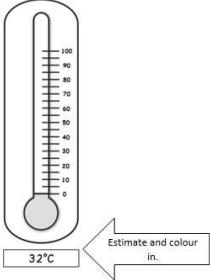
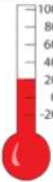


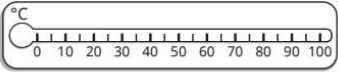


Sam



What mistakes have they made?

Talk about it with a partner.

<p>2</p>	<p>[EXS] [KEY] Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.</p>	<p>Thermometers Different temperature items/liquids Containers</p>	<p>Pictorial Scales Testbase Questions with pictures ITP</p>  <p>What temperature is the classroom?</p> 	<p>Testbase Questions with no pictures Greater than, less than, equals symbols</p>	<p>Look at the thermometers to answer the questions below.</p>   <p>Which of these thermometers shows the coldest temperature? What is the difference between temperature A + C? How much warmer is thermometer C than B?</p>	<p>Sam measures the temperature at 1 pm and at 5 pm. There is a difference of 7 °C. What could the temperatures be? Compare answers with a partner.</p> <p>Draw arrows to estimate where each temperature belongs on the thermometer.</p>  <p>1 °C 99 °C 47 °C 67 °C</p>
-----------------	--	--	--	--	---	--

2

[EXS] [KEY] Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money.

Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value.

Coins

Purses

Price Tags

Coins

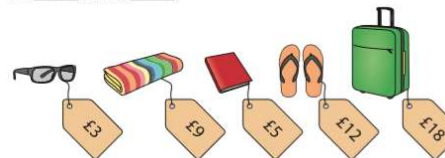
Price Tags

BINGO cards

Simple number sentences using + and £ and p symbols.

Mastery

Sid says, 'I have bought 2 items for my holiday. One item cost £9 more than the other. What might Sid have bought? The _____ and the _____.'



Look at these coins. How could you make up the same total amount one type of coin?



Holly uses a £1 coin to buy a pack of stickers. Here is the change she w



How much did the pack of stickers cost?

8 Tick (✓) three coins that make 50p



Tick (✓) four coins that make 50p



Tiny has this money.



Max has the same amount of money as Tiny.



What coins could Max have in the money box?



Compare answers with a partner.

Mo has some money.










What is the fewest number of coins that Mo could have?

How do you know?

<p>2</p>	<p>Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change.</p>	<p>Coins Purses Price Tags</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Complete the bar models.</p> 	<p>A good activity we do here is role play shops linking to our topic e.g. Garden Centre. The children have to set it up, create prices within a particular unit and then role play customers and shop keepers. The customers have £2 to spend until they need to swap over. Change is a key aspect of this. Doing this more than once is beneficial.</p>	<p>Here is a price list.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1839 220 2107 419"> <thead> <tr> <th>Item</th> <th>Price</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ruler</td> <td>18p</td> </tr> <tr> <td>pencil</td> <td>32p</td> </tr> <tr> <td>crayon</td> <td>27p</td> </tr> <tr> <td>pen</td> <td>45p</td> </tr> <tr> <td>glue</td> <td>36p</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Sam buys two items for 50p. What two items does she buy?</p> <p>Mo buys two of the same item for 90p. What item did he buy two of?</p>  <p>How much could Tiny have spent?</p>	Item	Price	ruler	18p	pencil	32p	crayon	27p	pen	45p	glue	36p
Item	Price																	
ruler	18p																	
pencil	32p																	
crayon	27p																	
pen	45p																	
glue	36p																	

Year 3

Year group:	NC L.O.	Practical	Pictorial	Abstract	Problem Solving	Reasoning									
		Make it! SAY IT	Show it/Draw it! SAY IT	Read/Write it! SAY IT											
3	<p>Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute.</p> <p>Record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours.</p> <p>Use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight.</p> <p>Compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks].</p> <p>[KEY] Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks.</p> <p>Moved in 2023-24 due to teaching whole class PPA cover.</p>	<p>Setting the time on the clock.</p> <p>Reading the time on a given clock.</p> <p>Timing races. How long does it take to write your name 10 times? Will it take Caitlyn less or more time than Sam?</p>	<p>A clock shows the time twice a day.</p>  <p>Tick the two digital clocks that show this time.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 00:45 <input type="checkbox"/> 02:45 <input type="checkbox"/> 09:45</p> <p>Jack finished a sponsored run in 53 minutes 25 seconds. Ally finished 3 minutes 50 seconds after Jack. How long did Ally take?</p> <p>min sec</p> <p>These are all times on the same morning.</p> <p>A 7:58 am B quarter to eight C six minutes to eight D half past seven</p> <p>Write the letters for the times in order, starting with the earliest.</p> <p>Readset Clocks-ite</p> <p>Name: _____ Class: _____</p> <p>Can you help me write these times on a digital clock?</p>    	 <p>Holly takes half an hour to walk home from school. She arrives at school at 8:25 am. At what time did she leave home?</p>	<p>➤ The minute hand is on the 4 and the hour hand is just past the 7. It is 20 minutes to 8.</p> <p>True or false?</p> <p>Explain your answer.</p> <p>➤ My birthday is in a month which has less than 31 days. What months could my birthday be in?</p> <p>➤ Sue has completed this table for her homework. Her writing is in black. Has she made any mistakes? Correct any you find.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Roman numeral</th> <th>Digits</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>VI</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IX</td> <td>11</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>10</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>➤ Jen says the time is around 43 minutes past 5.</p>  <p>True or false?</p> <p>Explain your answer.</p>	Roman numeral	Digits	VI	4	IX	11	V	5	x	10
Roman numeral	Digits														
VI	4														
IX	11														
V	5														
x	10														

Drip feed this all year

William wants to travel to Paris by train.

He needs to arrive in Paris by **5:30 pm**.

Circle the **latest time** that William can leave London.

Leaves London	Arrives Paris
12:01	15:22
12:25	15:56
13:31	16:53
14:01	17:26
14:31	17:53
15:31	18:53
16:01	19:20

Always, sometimes or never true? Measurement
Time
3

➤ February has 29 days.

Always true Sometimes true Never true

Prove it.

3

Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year.

Drip feed this all year

Calendars
Timers
Analogue and digital clocks
Diaries

Here is part of a calendar:

December						
Mon	Tues	Wed	Thur	Fri	Sat	Sun
		1	2	3	4	
6	7	8	9	10		
13	14	15				
20	21	22				
27	28					

How many days are **missing** from the calendar?

Write the missing numbers:

60 months = years

72 hours = days

84 days = week

Joe goes skating every Saturday. He went skating on Saturday 1st January. Altogether, how many times did he go skating in January?



Jaden says:

"Every month has either 30 or 31 days."

Explain why Jaden is **not** correct.

3

[KEY] Measure, compare, add and subtract: **lengths (m,cm,mm)**; **mass (kg,g)**; **volume, capacity (l,m)**.

Metres first, then centimetres and the millimetres.

Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes.

Measure meters outside in the playground. How wide are the goal posts? How tall is the climbing wall? What is the perimeter of the playground? Of the greenhouse? Of the Huff and puff shed?

More than a metre Less than a metre

3) Compare these measurements using <math><,>,</math> or =.

12cm	15cm
9cm	4cm
1m	10mm
35mm	4cm
8m	4m
4m	12m
3m	350cm
4m	400cm

Useful Facts:
 $1\text{m} = 100\text{cm}$
 $1\text{cm} = 10\text{mm}$

4) Order these measurements from shortest to longest.

a) 10cm 25mm 3m

b) 45mm 1m 20cm

c) 3cm 5m 50mm

Jay is measuring the perimeter of his maths book. The width is 21cm and the length is 30cm. What will the other sides measure? What will the total perimeter be?

Ameer measures the length of 3 different cars.

The smallest car measures **3m** in length and the largest measures **5m** in length.

What could the length of the middle sized car be in **centimetres**?

Mrs Welch is measuring the length of her car. She has decided to measure in metres. Is this the most suitable unit of measure to use? Explain how you know.

.....

.....

.....

3

[KEY] Measure, compare, add and subtract: **lengths (m,cm,mm)**; **mass (kg,g)**; **volume, capacity (l,m)**.

Scales and various objects to weigh.

Can pupils estimate weights of objects? Can they say whether one object is lighter or heavier than another?

Read the scales carefully and write the mass shown on the scales. Remember to include the correct unit of measure.

Compare, Add and Subtract Mass

1.) $1\text{kg} - \frac{1}{2}\text{kg} =$

2.) $110\text{g} + 120\text{g} =$

3.) $400\text{g} - 150\text{g} =$

There are 1000g in 1Kg

How many grams would there be in 5 Kg

Mrs Welch needs $\frac{1}{2}$ kg of sugar. How many grams will this be?

Compare, Add and Subtract Mass

Mary 3 friends' pencil cases:

Mary 240g

Ali 300g

David 410g

1.) How much heavier is Ali's pencil case compared with Mary's case?

2.) What is the total mass of all 3 pencil cases?

Compare, Add and Subtract Mass

Craig and Billie are both baking some cup cakes.

Craig's bag of flour has a mass of: **400g**

Billie's bag of flour has a mass of: **900g**

Craig says that his bag of flour has **half** of the mass of Billie's bag.

Is Craig correct?

Explain your answer.

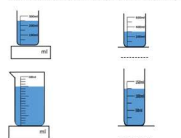
3

[KEY] Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m, cm, mm); mass (kg, g); volume, capacity (l, ml).

Measure the amount of water in your water bottle, in a small container, in a cup, etc.

Compare measuring equipment of different sizes. Is the tallest one always going to have the most capacity? Why / why not?

Carefully read the measure of volume in the following containers.



Order the measure above from the least volume to the most volume.



Identify your favourite measuring tool. Draw an arrow to show the amount of water in the jug.

Compare, Add & Subtract Units of Capacity

Georgina is washing her bike.



She starts with **900** millilitres of soapy water in a bucket.

She uses **145** millilitres to wash both wheels.

She uses another **380** millilitres to wash the rest of the bike.

How many millilitres are left in Georgina's bucket?

Compare, Add & Subtract Units of Capacity



Billy, Kenny and Donna each have a bottle of water.

Billy - 200ml

Kenny - 600ml

Donna - 300ml

- 1.) How much water do Billy, Kenny and Donna have altogether?
- 2.) How much more water is needed to make **2 litres** (2000 ml) of water?

3

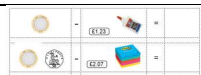
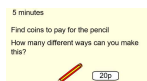
[KEY] Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts.

Turn classroom into shop and have a buyer and seller

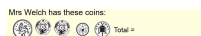
Using the coins make the prices shown (15 mins)



5 minutes
Find coins to pay for the pencil
How many different ways can you make 20p?

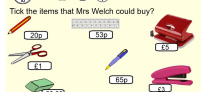


Mrs Welch has these coins:



Total =

Tick the items that Mrs Welch could buy?



Problem solving and reasoning:

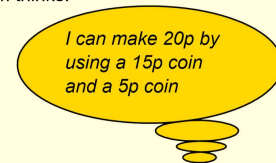
Mrs Welch has one pound to spend. She puts these items in her trolley. Does she have enough to buy them all?



Explain how you know.

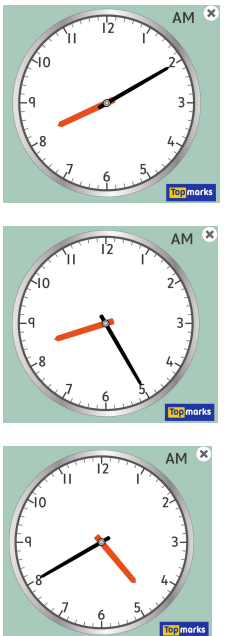
True or false?

Liam thinks:

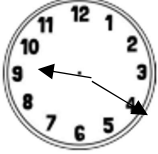


Explain

Year 4

Year group:	NC L.O.	Practical	Pictorial	Abstract	Problem Solving	Reasoning
		Make it! SAY IT	Show it/Draw it! SAY IT	Read/Write it! SAY IT		
4	Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks. (Teach first then drip feed all year!)	Clocks (teaching clocks and online clocks)	Write the time shown on the clock in digits and words: 	Grace says, 'On my clock face, the big hand is on the 4 and the little hand is between the 8 and the 9' What is the time on Grace's clock face?	These are the radio programmes one morning. 7.00 Music show 7.55 Weather report 8.00 News 8.15 Travel news 8.25 Sport 8.45 Holiday programme Josh turns the radio on at 8:05 How many minutes does he have to wait for the Travel news? Sanaa says, 'On my Roman Numeral clock face, the big hand is on the VI and the little hand is between the IX and the X' What is the time on Sanaa's clock face?	Do these events happen in the a.m. , p.m. or both? Write your answer next to each event: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Coming home from school• Eating your breakfast• Having a shower• Going to bed• Brushing your teeth• Going shopping• The sun coming up• The sun going down Mr Moore is trying to complete the boxes for the time shown on the analogue clock.



Time in words	12 hour clock	Analogue clock
		

Explain why Mr Moore **cannot** do this.



4 Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days.

Drip feed this all year

Complete the sentences:

There are _____ seconds in a minute.

There are _____ minutes in an hour.

There are _____ hours in a day.

There are _____ months in a year.

Write the missing numbers.

60 months = _____ years

72 hours = _____ days

84 days = _____ weeks

4 [KEY] Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute].

Order:

Length, Perimeter, Mass, Volume, Complete time conversions when doing the time objectives.

- Rulers
- Metre sticks
- Trundle wheels
- Measuring jugs
- Scales
- Clocks (analogue and digital)
- Cutting objects to specific sizes.

Here are a pencil sharpener, a key and a rubber.

What is the length of all three objects, rounded to the nearest centimetre?

$\frac{1}{2}$ a metre = ? cm

0.3 metres = ? cm

0.45 metres = ? cm

$\frac{1}{4}$ of a metre = ? cm

0.05 metres = ? cm

$\frac{3}{100}$ of a metre = ? cm

Kate has a piece of ribbon one metre long.

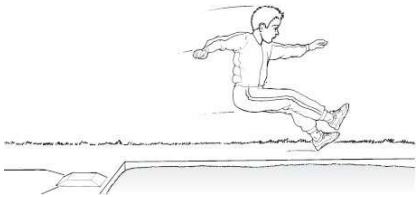
She cuts off 30 centimetres.

How many centimetres of ribbon are left?

Mr Tyler is 1m 97 cm tall. His young daughter is 83 cm tall. What is the difference in their heights?

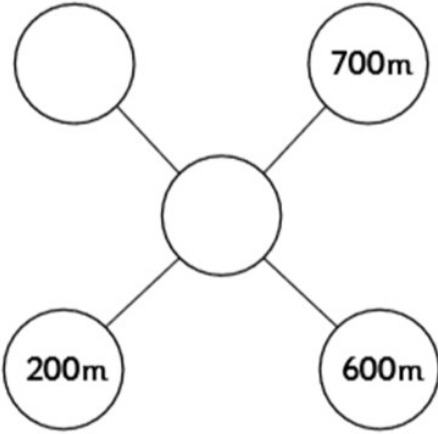
Max jumped **2 $\frac{1}{4}$ metres** on his **second** try at the long jump.

This was **75 centimetres** longer than on his **first** try.



How far **in metres** did he jump on his **first** try?

Complete this diagram so both of the diagonal lines have a sum of 1 kilometre.

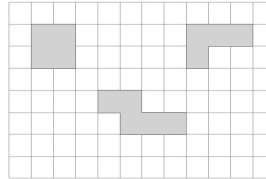


4

Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres.

Rose made shapes using four squares on centimetre square paper

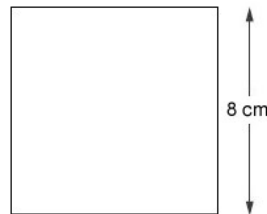
She calculated the perimeter of each shape.



What is the length of the **shortest** perimeter?

What is the length of the **longest** perimeter?

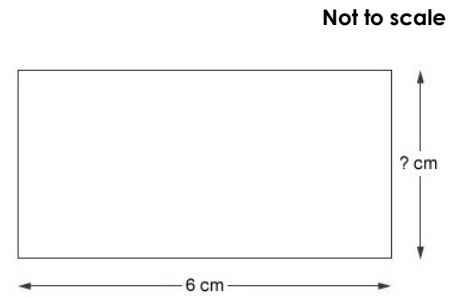
Not to scale



What is the perimeter of this square?

The perimeter of this rectangle is 20 cm.

The length is 6 cm.



How long is the **width** of the rectangle?



Mrs Gardner thinks the perimeter of the rectangle above is 140 metres.

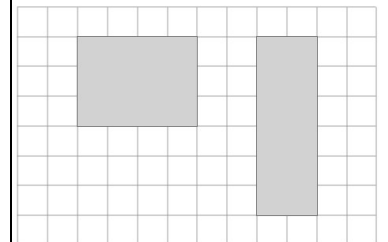
Mr Moore thinks the perimeter of the shape above is 1000 metres.

Who is correct?

Prove it!

What mistake might've been made?

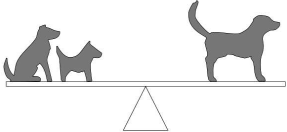

Look at the shaded rectangles drawn on a

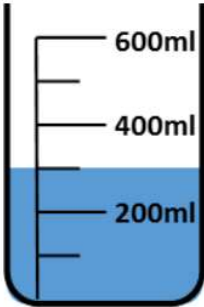
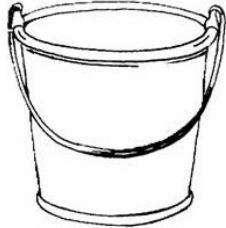
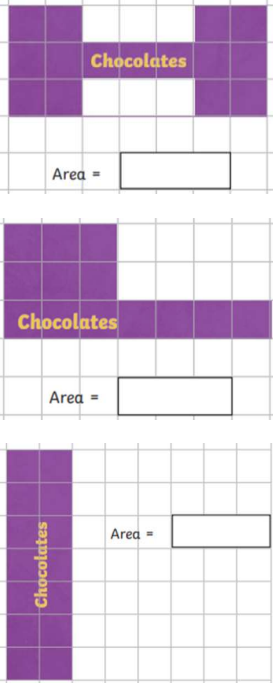
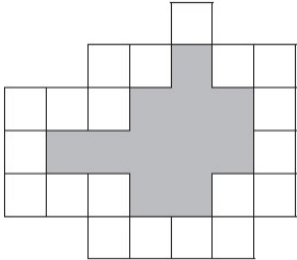
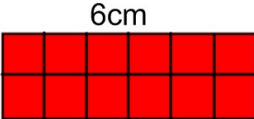


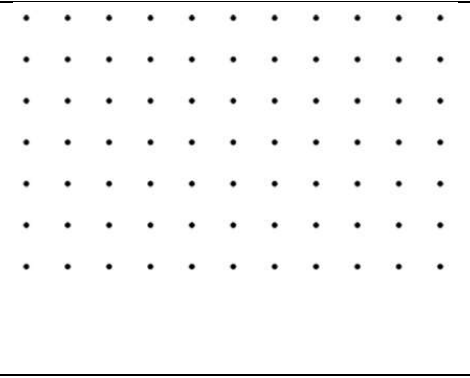
centimetre square grid.

Sam says,

"The two rectangles have the same area as each

						other and the same perimeter as each other" Is Sam correct? Explain how you know.																		
4	<p>[KEY] Convert between different units of measure [Grams to Kilograms].</p> <p>Order:</p> <p>Length, Perimeter, Mass, Volume, Complete time conversions when doing the time objectives.</p>	<p>Scales</p> <p>Weights</p>	 <p>The large dog weighs 9kg</p> <p>One of the smaller dogs weighs 4800g</p> <p>What is the weight, in grams, of the other small dog?</p>	<p>Complete this table, the first two have been done for you.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Kilometres and grams</th> <th>Grams</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>3kg and 0 g</td> <td>3,000 g</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8kg and 200 g</td> <td>8,200 g</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4kg and 300g</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>5,400g</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6kg and 570g</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>7,308g</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6kg and 85g</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>2,009g</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Kilometres and grams	Grams	3kg and 0 g	3,000 g	8kg and 200 g	8,200 g	4kg and 300g			5,400g	6kg and 570g			7,308g	6kg and 85g			2,009g	<p>Half a kilogram of flour makes 4 cakes.</p> <p>How many grams of flour are there in one cake?</p> <p>Senna and Roanna each have a parcel.</p> <p>Senna's parcel weighs 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ kg.</p> <p>Roanna's parcel weighs 1,800 g</p> <p>How many more grams does Roanna's parcel weigh than Senna's parcel?</p>	<p>Max has a magical gold bar.</p> <p>Every day the gold bar trebles in weight.</p> <p>On day one the bar weighs 8 grams.</p> <p>What will be the weight of the bar on day two?</p> <p>What will be the weight of the bar on day four?</p> <p>How many days will it take for the bar to weigh more than two kilograms?</p>
Kilometres and grams	Grams																							
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4	<p>[KEY] Convert between different units of measure [Litres and Millilitres].</p> <p>Order:</p> <p>Length, Perimeter, Mass, Volume, Complete time conversions when</p>	<p>Measuring jugs</p> <p>Scientific syringes</p> <p>Liquid containers</p>	<p>Measuring images:</p>	<p>Complete this conversion table, the first two have been done for you.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Litres and millilitres</th> <th>Millilitres</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1l and 0ml</td> <td>1,000ml</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2l and 600ml</td> <td>2,600ml</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>9,000ml</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3l and 490ml</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>4,365ml</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Litres and millilitres	Millilitres	1l and 0ml	1,000ml	2l and 600ml	2,600ml		9,000ml	3l and 490ml			4,365ml	<p>This jug holds $\frac{1}{2}$ a litre.</p> 	<p>Miss Tonkin's water butt is leaking.</p> <p>Every day the water butt leaks half the water in it.</p> <p>On day one there's 32 litres in the water butt.</p> <p>How many litres are there on day two?</p> <p>How many litres are there on day three?</p>						
Litres and millilitres	Millilitres																							
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2l and 600ml	2,600ml																							
	9,000ml																							
3l and 490ml																								
	4,365ml																							

	<p>doing the time objectives.</p>			<p>8l and 78ml 7,050ml 5l and 7ml 3,003ml</p>	<p>This bucket holds 4 litres</p>  <p>How many full jugs of water are needed to fill the bucket?</p>	<p>After how many days will there only be 250ml left in the water butt?</p>
<p>4</p>	<p>Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares.</p>	<p>Dienes and multilink cubes to demonstrate area on a surface</p> <p>Pegboards or Geoboard app.</p>	<p>Most questions will be pictorial due to the "Counting squares" element of the objective.</p>		<p>Here are 20 squares around the outside of a shaded shape.</p>  <p>What is the area of the shaded space?</p> <p>Grace has a rectangle that has sides of 4 cm and 5 cm.</p> <p>Draw a different rectangle that has the same area.</p> <p>Join the dots to draw a rectangle that has an area of 20 cm² and a perimeter of 18 cm.</p>	 <p>6cm 2cm 2cm 6cm</p> <p>Mrs Gardner thinks the area of the rectangle above is 16cm².</p> <p>Mrs Tibbles thinks the area of the shape above is 12cm².</p> <p>Who is correct?</p> <p>Prove it!</p> <p>Mrs Gardner says</p> <p>"You don't need to be told every measurement to find the area of a rectangle or square."</p> <p>Do you agree?</p> <p>Can you explain why / why not</p>

						
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4

Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence.

Teach money part only, the rest of these will be covered with the length / mass / volume objectives.

- Rulers
- Metre sticks
- Trundle wheels
- Measuring jugs
- Scales
- Coins
- Bank notes

How much money is in each jar?

Which coins would complete this bar model?

£1.60			

You can use coins more than once.

Calculate the missing numbers:

$6 \times ? = \text{£}1.80$

$? \times 7 = \text{£}1.40$

Two of these sentences could be true.

Tick (✓) the two sentences that could be true.

- Adam's pencil is 12 centimetres long.
- Leah is 12 metres tall.
- Jake's glass holds 12 litres of milk.
- Kate's younger sister weighs 12 kilograms.

Complete the bar model for the problem.

Bobby goes to the shopping centre. He spends £10.80 on a new pair of shorts and £12.50 on a sweatshirt. How much money does he spend altogether?



The table below shows the ticket prices for the theatre:



	Afternoon	Evening
Adult	£16.25	£20.50
Child	£8.75	£9.50

Arnold and Esther do a sponsored run for charity. They run 6,000km altogether. Esther runs double the distance that Arnold runs. How many kilometres does each person run?

Comparing measures
What sign would you use? Explain your answer? Create your own using <> =



Year 5

Year group:	NC L.O.	Practical	Pictorial	Abstract	Problem Solving	Reasoning
Objectives running through the unit		Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling.				
		Make it! SAY IT	Show it/Draw it! SAY IT	Read/Write it! SAY IT		
5	Solve problems involving converting between units of time.	Digital and analogue clocks (Link Roman Numerals in where possible) Calendars Timetables	Images of clocks, calendars and timetables.	60 months = ? years 72 hours = ? days ? weeks = 84 days Complete each sentence using a number from the list below. 120 240 600 1,440 3,600 6,000 There are _____seconds in an hour. There are _____minutes in a day.	Isabella swims 4 lengths of a swimming pool. Her target is to swim the lengths in under 5 minutes . It takes her 319 seconds. Explain why Isabella did not achieve her target.  Cody runs for 25 minutes on Monday, 1:10 on Tuesday and three-quarters of an hour on Wednesday. How much time did he spend running over the three days?	At Roche CP School a school year has 38 weeks of 5 days. Mr  Moore thinks that in a non-leap year a child will have over 200 days off . Is he correct? Prove your answer.
5	[KEY] Convert between different units of metric measure (kilometre and metre; centimetre	Rulers Metre sticks	Pictorial images of : Rulers Metre sticks	Conversion tables PV charts for X÷ by powers of 10		True or false: 1 metre = 1000 centimetres.

and metre; centimetre and millimetre).

Order:

Length, Perimeter, Mass, Volume, Complete time conversions when doing the time objectives.

Trundle wheels

Weighing scales / balances

Measuring cups / jugs

Trundle wheels

Weighing scales / balances

Measuring cups / jugs

Map scales

Complete these conversions:

Metres	Centimetres	Millimetres
4		
	250	
		4000
	45	
28		
		3500



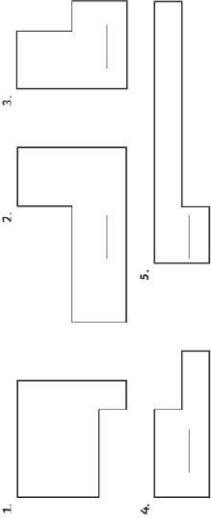
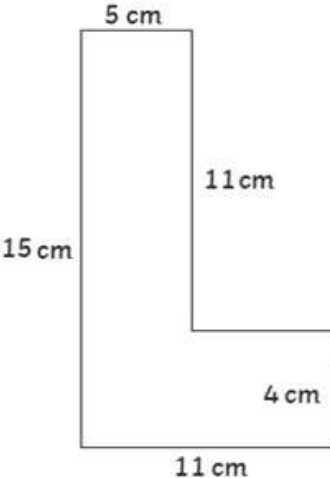
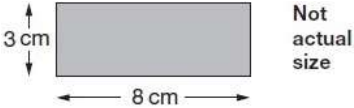

Activity 3:



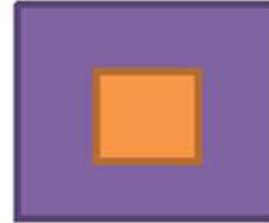
I am cooking some rice. The recipe says I need 120g for two people.

How many kilograms would I need if I am cooking for 8 people?



<p>5</p>	<p>[KEY] Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres.</p>	<p>Objects that can be measured and combined to make rectilinear shapes e.g. tables, the quad.</p>	<p>Images of rectangles, squares and composite rectilinear shapes.</p>	<p>Measure the length of each side of the shapes to the nearest centimetre, writing the length next to each side. Then add the lengths together to find the perimeter.</p> 	<p>What is the perimeter of this composite rectilinear shape?</p> 	<p>Alfie has some rectangles.</p>  <p>He makes this shape using three of the rectangles.</p>  <p>Alfie says: The perimeter of the new shape will be 3 times as big as the single rectangle.</p> <p>Explain why Alfie is incorrect.</p>
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Here is a square inside another square.

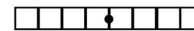


The perimeter of the inner square is 16cm.
 The outer square's perimeter is four times the size of the inner square.
 What is the length of one sides of the outer square?
 How do you know?
 What do you notice?

[KEY] Convert between different units of metric measure (gram and kilogram).

Conversion tables.

Kilograms	Grams
7	
	8000
12	
	3580
4.2	
	500



Activity 3:



I am cooking some rice. The recipe says I need 120g for two people.

How many kilograms would I need if I am cooking for 8 people?





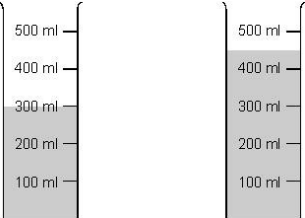
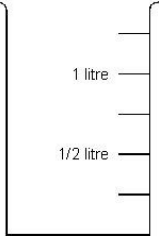

Here is a scale with some large and small bricks on:


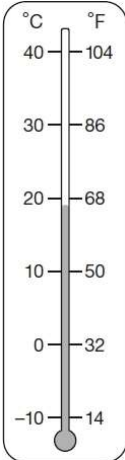
Captain conjecture says:

I think that 5Kg is equal to 500g.



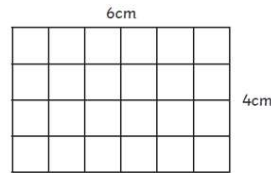
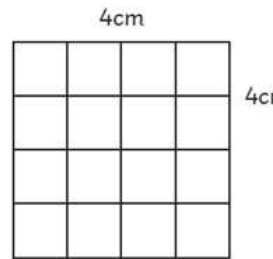
Do you agree?

					 <p>What  is the weight in grams of one small brick?</p> <p>Chen is cooking some pasta.</p> <p>The recipe says he needs 650 grams of pasta for 4 people.</p> <p>How many kilograms of pasta does he need for 12 people?</p>	Explain why / why not.														
[KEY] Convert between different units of metric measure (litre and millilitre).			 <p>All the water in these two containers is to be poured into the empty container below.</p> 	<p>Conversion tables.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1012 764 1211 1123"> <thead> <tr> <th>Litres</th> <th>Millilitres</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>3</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>5500</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.2</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>4320</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.8</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>20 000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Litres	Millilitres	3			5500	3.2			4320	0.8			20 000	<p>A bottle holds 1 litre of lemonade.</p> <p>Rachel fills five glasses with lemonade.</p> <p>She puts 150ml of lemonade in each glass.</p> <p>How many millilitres of lemonade is left in the bottle?</p>  <p>Cola is sold in bottles and cans.</p>	
Litres	Millilitres																			
3																				
	5500																			
3.2																				
	4320																			
0.8																				
	20 000																			

			Draw where the water level will be in the container.		 <p>Alex buys 5 cans and 3 bottles. She sells the cola in 100 ml glasses. She sells all the cola. a) How many glasses does she sell? Alex charges 50 p per glass. b) How much profit does she make?</p>	
5	Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints.	<p>Measuring implements with metric and imperial measurements.</p> <p>Inch-cm rulers</p> <p>Litre-pints measuring cups / jugs</p> <p>g/kg – lbs/ozs weighing scales.</p> <p>Conversion graphs</p>	<p>Images of measuring implements with metric and imperial measurements.</p> <p>Inch-cm rulers</p> <p>Litre-pints measuring cups / jugs</p> <p>g/kg – lbs/ozs weighing scales.</p> <p>Conversion graphs</p>	Conversion tables	<p>Victoria buys 4 pints of milk.</p> <p>Give the volume of milk Victoria bought in millilitres and litres.</p> <p>This thermometer shows temperatures in both °C and °F. Work out what 25°C is in °F</p> 	<p>Mr Moore has 2 pounds of jam and Miss Goatman has 1kg of jam.</p> <p>Who has more jam? Prove your answer.</p> <p>Isaac has 9 feet of rope. He is constructing a wall border that is 3 metres in length.</p> <p>Isaac says: "I need at least another metre of rope."</p> <p>Do you agree with Isaac? Explain your reasoning.</p>
5	[KEY] Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units,	Objects that can be measured and combined to	Images of rectangles, squares and composite rectilinear shapes.	Calculate the area of these shapes:	<p>Can you draw (not to scale) the following shapes with an area of 64cm².</p> <p>a. A square.</p>	<p>Sarah wants to paint a wall that is 12 metres long and 5 metres high.</p> <p>She has two tins of paint that will each cover 24m².</p>

square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes.

make rectilinear shapes e.g. tables, the quad.



Use the words in bold below to complete the sentences

two **factors**
perimeter
area **prime number**
arrays **commutative**

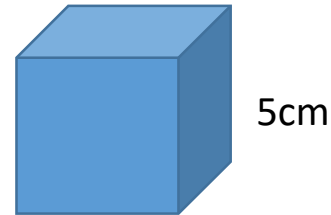
The _____ of a shape is the space taken up within its perimeter

b. A rectangle with a length different to its width.

c. A compound shape made up of two rectangles.

The surface area of a 3D shape can be found by adding up the area of all its faces.

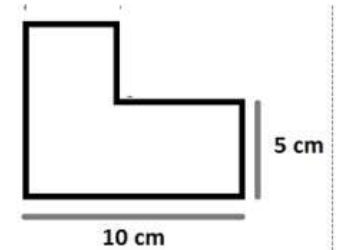
Find the area of one of this cube's faces, then find the surface area of the whole cube.




Does Sarah have enough paint?

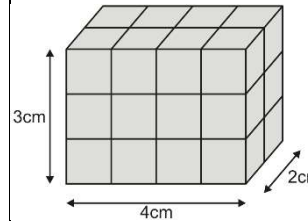
Prove your answer.

Cristiano is trying to calculate the area of this compound shape:



Explain why he cannot find the area of this shape.

				<p>The _____ of a shape is the sum length of all its sides.</p> <p>There can only be _____ possible ways of constructing a rectangle with an area of 13 squares because 13 is a _____.</p> <p>The number of different rectangles that can be constructed for a given area is dependent on the number of _____ that number has.</p> <p>When constructing rectangular areas some rectangles will look the same. This is because rectangles are like multiplication _____ and multiplication is _____.</p>		
5	Estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm ³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water].	Dienes Empty containers Empty jugs / cups	Images of cubes and cuboids Images of containers partially filled.	This cuboid is made from centimetre cubes.	Circle the correct amount A tea cup is likely to hold about	



It is 4 centimetres by 3 centimetres by 2 centimetres.

What is the **volume** of the cuboid?

About how much milk does a baby's bottle



hold?
Tick (✓) the correct answer.

- 15 ml
- 150 ml
- 1500 ml

3 millilitres

300 millilitres

3 litres

300 litres

Jon has **20** centimetre cubes.



He wants to make a cube with edges that are **3** cm long.

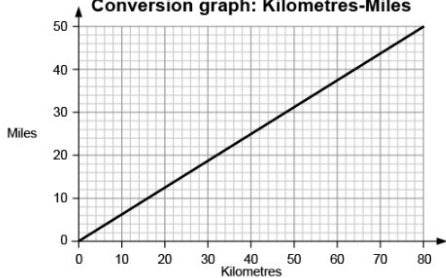
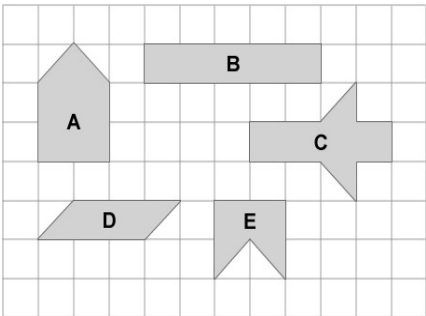
How many **more** centimetre cubes does he need?




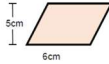
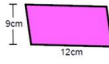
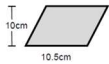
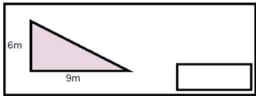
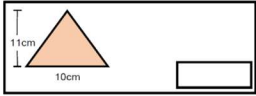
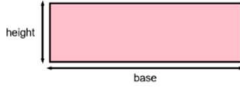


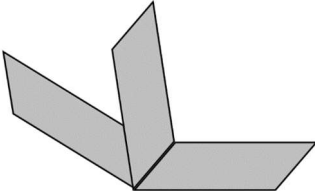
Year 6

Year group:	NC L.O.	Practical	Pictorial	Abstract	Problem Solving	Reasoning
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Objectives running through the unit

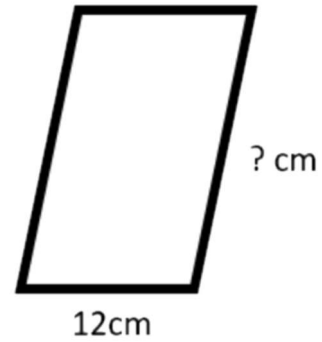
<p>6</p>	<p>[EXS] [KEY] Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places.</p>	<p>Rulers Metre sticks Trundle wheels Weighing scales / balances Measuring cups / jugs Analogue and digital clocks / watches.</p>	<p>Pictorial images of : Rulers Metre sticks Trundle wheels Weighing scales / balances Measuring cups / jugs Map scales Analogue and digital clocks / watches.</p>	<p>Complete the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1010 568 1288 1098"> <thead> <tr> <th>Kilometres</th> <th>Metres</th> <th>Centimetres</th> <th>Millimetres</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>252</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>5.2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1346</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>What is 444 minutes in hours and minutes?</p>	Kilometres	Metres	Centimetres	Millimetres		1					252		5.2							1346	<p>Mr Moore enters a 2km race but only manages to run $\frac{1}{4}$ of the distance. How many metres does he run?</p> <div data-bbox="1330 675 1753 791" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> <p>2km</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; height: 40px;"> <tr> <td style="width: 25%;"></td> <td style="width: 25%;"></td> <td style="width: 25%;"></td> <td style="width: 25%;"></td> </tr> </table> </div> <p>Miss Goatman ran 5km on Saturday and 2,400m on Sunday. Mr Moore ran 6.3km on Saturday and 730m on Sunday.</p> <p>How far did Mr Moore and Miss Goatman run this weekend in total? Give your answer in kilometres.</p> <p>Tom is cooking some pasta.</p> <p>The recipe says he needs three hundred and fifty grams of pasta for 4 people.</p> <p>How many kilograms of pasta does he need for 20 people?</p>					<p>Faye measures the length of the classroom to be 13,128mm. Is this the most appropriate unit of measure for that length? How would you write that length? Explain your choice and convert Faye's measurement.</p> <p>Imagine we talked about time using decimals. Would 2.3 hours be:</p> <p>2 hours and 3 minutes 2 hours and 20 minutes 2 and a half hours, or 2 hours and 18 minutes?</p> <p>Explain your decision.</p>
Kilometres	Metres	Centimetres	Millimetres																											
	1																													
		252																												
5.2																														
			1346																											
<p>6</p>	<p>[EXS] [KEY] Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of</p>	<p>See above.</p>																												

	measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate.					
6	Convert between miles and kilometres.	Car speedometer Maps with scales in miles and km	Conversion graphs Car speedometers Map scales	Write the correct whole number in the box. 5 miles is approximately <input type="text"/> kilometres.	<p>Conversion graph: Kilometres-Miles</p>  <p>Use the graph to work out how many miles are equal to 20 km.</p> <p>Use the graph to work out how many kilometres are equal to 40 miles.</p>	
6	Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa.	Objects that can be measured and their areas and perimeters found e.g. maths shapes, tables, the quad.	Images of rectangles, squares and other shapes that can have their area and perimeter calculated.	In your books draw 3 rectangles that have a perimeter of 18 lengths, where one length is the length of one square in your book. Label the area of each rectangle.	<p>The fence problem</p> <p>I have 20 fence panels, each 1 metre in length. I want to create a quadrilateral space that gives me the largest area to grow crops. If I can't cut the fence panels what is largest area I can make?</p> <p>The diagram shows some shapes on a centimetre square grid.</p> 	<p>The fence problem - Extension</p> <p>What shape gave you the largest area to grow crops?</p> <p>Would this shape always give you the largest area?</p> <p>Prove your theory by finding the largest area for a fence with a perimeter of 36 metres.</p>

					<p>Which two shapes have the same perimeter as shape A?</p>	 The%20Tetris%20pa ving%20conundrum  Tetris%203%20Star. docx  The%20Tetris%20pa ving%20extension.d
<p>6</p>	<p>Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles.</p>	<p>Large, plastic Meccano (In DM's room)</p> <p>Maths shapes</p>	<p>Images of triangles and parallelograms, including all types of triangle.</p>	<p>*Find the area of these parallelogram</p> <p>A.  <input type="text"/> cm²</p> <p>B.  <input type="text"/></p> <p>C.  <input type="text"/></p> <p>Find the area of these triangles:</p> <p> <input type="text"/></p> <p> <input type="text"/></p>	<p>*On your desk there are some Post-it notes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stick one in your book. Measure the base and height. Round these measurements to the nearest centimetre. Use the rounded measurements to calculate an estimated area of the Post-it note.  <p>*Now do the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cut a straight line at an angle across the Post-it note.  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Put the two straight ends together to create a parallelogram.  <p>*Has your shape changed?</p> <p>*Has the perimeter changed?</p> <p>*Has the area changed?</p>	 <p>Here is a company logo consisting of three identical parallelograms. The total area of the logo is 108cm² and the base and height of each parallelogram is a whole number.</p> <p>List all possible values for the base and height of one parallelogram.</p> <p>Look at all the possible combinations for the length and base of one parallelogram in the previous question.</p> <p>Which combination do you think would fit best for the parallelograms in the logo?</p> <p>Explain your answer.</p>

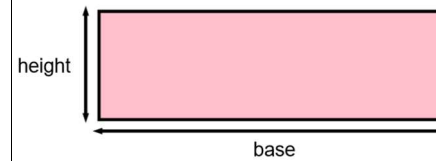
*What is the area of your parallelogram?

The area of this parallelogram is 180cm^2 .
Calculate its height.




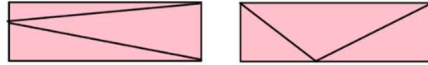
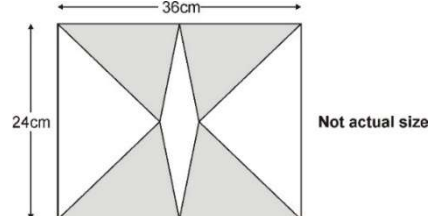
*On your desk there are some Post-it notes.
They're the same size as yesterday.
Pick up one Post-it and stick it in your book.
Write the area on the Post-it

*Take another Post-it and cut a straight line
from one corner to the other.

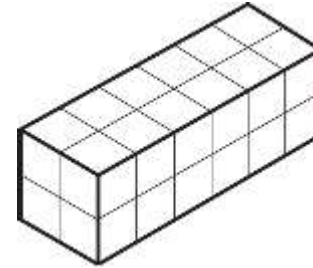


What shapes do you have now?
Can you calculate the area of one of the
shapes?

triangle.

					 <p>*Take another Post-it and make two cuts from adjacent corners to an opposite length What shapes do you have now? Can you calculate the area of the larger shape? Combine the two smaller shapes. Do you notice anything?</p>  <p>**The diagram shows 4 identical shaded triangles in a rectangle. The rectangle measures 36 centimetres by 24 centimetres. Calculate the area of one shaded</p>  <p>Not actual size</p>																	
6	<p>Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm³) and cubic metres (m³), and</p>	<p>Dienes Multi-link cubes Cubes and cuboids</p>	<p>Images of cubes and cuboids, including composite 3D shapes.</p>	<p>Calculate the Volume of Cuboids</p> <p>Complete this table:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1019 1220 1265 1276"> <thead> <tr> <th>Length (cm)</th> <th>Width (cm)</th> <th>Height (cm)</th> <th>Volume (cm³)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>20</td> <td>3</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>11</td> <td>6</td> <td>6</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td></td> <td>9</td> <td>432</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Length (cm)	Width (cm)	Height (cm)	Volume (cm ³)	5	20	3		11	6	6		4		9	432	<p>Cleo has 24 centimetre cubes. She uses all 24 cubes to make a cuboid with dimensions 6 cm, 2 cm and 2 cm.</p>	<p>Can you find two or more different cuboids each with a volume of 64 cm³? What's the same and what's different about your cuboids?</p>
Length (cm)	Width (cm)	Height (cm)	Volume (cm ³)																			
5	20	3																				
11	6	6																				
4		9	432																			

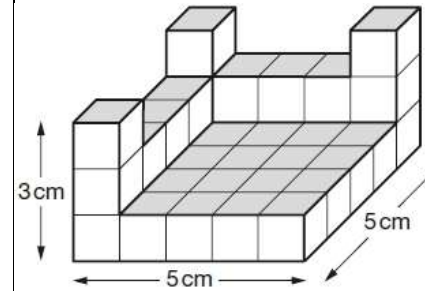
extending to other units
[for example, mm³ and
km³].



Write the dimensions of a **different** cuboid
she can make using all 24 cubes.

_____ cm, _____ cm
and _____ cm

This shape is made of wooden centimetre
cubes.



How many **more** centimetre cubes are
needed to make it into a solid cuboid 3
cm tall, 5 cm long and 5 cm wide?

A cuboid has a **square base**.
It is **twice as tall** as it is **wide**.
Its volume is **250 cubic centimetres**.



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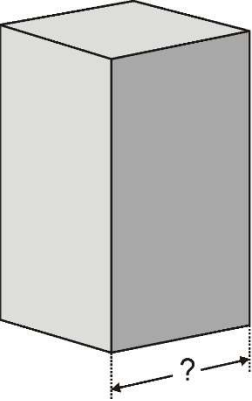






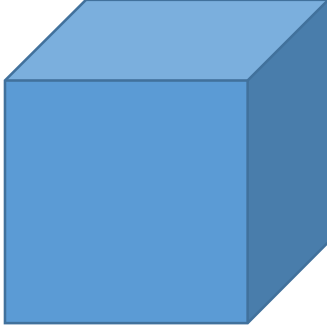
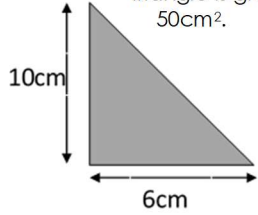
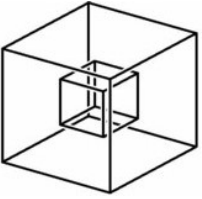
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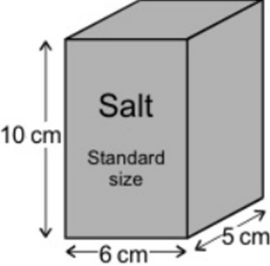



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					 <p>Not actual</p> <p>Calculate the width of the cuboid.</p>	
6	<p>Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes.</p> <p>Can be covered in algebra</p>	<p>Dienes</p> <p>Multi-link cubes</p> <p>Cubes and cuboids</p> <p>Large, plastic Meccano (In DM's room)</p> <p>Maths shapes</p>	<p>Images of 2D and 3D shapes.</p>	<p>*Match the formula to the corresponding area / volume. The same formula may be used more than once.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Base x Height Volume of a cuboid  Base² Area of a rectangle  Base x Height x Width Area of a triangle  Base³ Area of a parallelogram  (Base x Height) ÷ 2 Volume of a cube  Area of a square  	<p>Write the dimensions of a cuboid that has the same volume as the cube below:</p>  <p>8cm</p> <p>Not to scale</p> <p>Salt boxes come in two sizes:</p>	<p>Kieran says that the area of this triangle is greater than 50cm².</p>  <p>Do you agree?</p> <p>Prove your answer</p> <p>This diagram shows a smaller cube inside a larger cube. The volume of the larger cube is 1000cm³.</p> 

					 <p>What is the volume of this special offer box of salt, which is 20% bigger?</p> 	<p>The volume of the smaller cube is between 30% and $\frac{3}{4}$ of the volume of the larger cube.</p> <p>List all the possible lengths of the smaller cube.</p>
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