## Area of Maths = Measurement

## Definition: "Use of

standard units to determine size or quantity in regard to length, breadth, height, area, mass or weight, volume, fluid volume, capacity, emperature and time."

From Jenny Eather's A Maths Dictionary for Kids
http://www.amathsdi ctionaryforkids.com

## Metric Vocabulary:

## Length / Height

Millimetre (mm), Centimetre (cm), Metre (m), Kilometre (km)

## Area

Square centimetre $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ Square metre ( $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ )

## Volume

Cubic centimetre $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$, Cubic metre ( $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ )

Mass / Weight
Milligram (mg), Gram (g), Kilogram (kg), Tonne (t)

## Capacity

Millilitre (ml), Litre (I)

## Temperature

Celsius ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

## Time

Second, Minute, Hour, Day, Week, Month, Year, Decade Century

## Metric Conversions: <br> Length / Height

10 millimetres $=1$ centimetre, cm 100 centimetres $=1$ metre, m 1000 metres $=1$ kilometre, km

## Mass / Weigh

1000 milligrams = 1 gram, g 1000 grams $=1$ kilogram, kg 1000 kilograms $=1$ tonne, $\dagger$

## Capacity

1000 millilitres $=1$ litre, I or L

## Time

1 minute $=60$ seconds
60 minutes $=1$ hour
1 day $=24$ hours
7 days $=1$ week
1 Year $=12$ months $\approx 52$ weeks
1 Year $=365$ days ( 366 in a leap year)
1 Decade $=10$ years
1 Century $=10$ decades $=100$ years.

## Imperial to metric approximations

| Imperial <br> unit | Metric |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 inch | $\approx 2.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| 1 foot | $\approx 30 \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| 1 yard | $\approx 91 \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| 1 mile | $\approx 1.6$ kilometres |
| 1 ounce | $\approx 28$ grams |
| 1 pound | $\approx 454$ grams |
| 1 stone | $\approx 6.4$ kilograms |
| 1 pint | $\approx 568$ ml |
| 1 gallon | $\approx 4.5$ litres |

## Declarative knowledge



| Year 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year group: | NC L.O. | Practical | Pictorial | Abstract | Problem Solving | Reasoning |
|  |  | Make it! SAY IT | Show it/Draw it! SAY IT | Read/Write it! SAY IT |  |  |
| 1 | Measure and begin to record lengths and heights. <br> Compare, describe and solve practical problems for lengths and heights [for example, long or short, longer or shorter, tall or short, double or half]. | Measuring apparatus (Metre sticks, rulers) <br> Multilink cubes to use as a standard unit of length | Questions that involve images for comparison, such as: <br> Use the words taller and shorter in the sentence stems to compare the height of the man and the boy. <br> The man is $\qquad$ than the boy. <br> The boy is $\qquad$ than the man. | Questions without images for comparison, such as: <br> Draw a line in your book that is longer than your pencil. Then draw a line that is shorter than your pencil. <br> List five things in the classroom that are taller than you. List five items that are shorter than you. |  <br> Put the four towers in order from tallest to shortest. | Rosie, Alex and Mo are comparing the height of Mrs Rose and Jack. <br> Can you improve their sentences to make them more accurate? |
| 1 | Measure and begin to record mass/weight. <br> Compare, describe and solve practical problems for mass or weight [for example, heavy or light, heavier than, lighter than]. | Scales | Questions that involve images for comparison, such as: <br> The $\qquad$ is heavier than the $\qquad$ <br> The $\qquad$ is lighter than the | Recording weights | Mrs Gardner has put four objects in order, starting with the lightest. <br> 1. A feather <br> 2. A car <br> 3. A book <br> 4. A table <br> Can you spot Mrs Gardner's mistake? | "I'm thinking of an object. It is heavier than a pencil, but lighter than a dictionary." <br> What object could Jack be thinking of? Prove it. How many objects can you think of? |




|  |  | empty. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes. | Coins and bank notes. | Images of coins and notes | What am I? <br> I am silver. I have 7 edges. have the picture of Britannia next to a lion on me. | How many 1p coins would you need to make 20p? <br> How many $2 p$ coins would you need to make 20p? <br> How many other ways can you make 20 p using the same coins? <br> Match each coin to the correct box. <br> One has been done for you. | Sally says: <br> The silver coin must be worth more because it is bigger than the gold coin. <br> Do you agree? |


(20)


| Year 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year group: | NC L.O. | Practical | Pictorial | Abstract | Problem Solving |  |  | Reasoning |
|  |  | Make it! SAY IT | Show it/Draw it! SAY IT | Read/Write it! SAY IT |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | [EXS] Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); <br>  capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels. <br> Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using symbols for greater than, less than and $=$. | Rulers: 30cm, 1 m , tape measures + trundle wheel | Pictorial Scales/Rulers <br> Testbase Questions with pictures <br> ITP <br> Use a ruler to measure the length of this train. | Testbase Questions with no pictures <br> Greater than, less than, equals symbols <br> True or False <br> Explain your reasoning. <br> $18 \mathrm{~cm}>9 \mathrm{~cm}$ <br> $27 \mathrm{~cm}<17 \mathrm{~cm}$ <br> $100 \mathrm{~cm}>1 \mathrm{~m}$ <br> Measuring and drawing straight lines. | 2 <br> Pencil C is the longest pencil. <br> Order the rest of the pencils. <br> You may use a ruler. <br> longest $\qquad$ |  |  |  |


| 2 | [EXS] Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); mass (kg/g); femperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$; eapacity (litres/mil) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels. <br> Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using symbols for greater than, less than and $=$. | Weighing scales <br> Balancing scales | Pictorial Scales <br> Testbase Questions with picłures <br> ITP <br> What is the mass of this bear? | Testbase Questions with no pictures <br> Greater than, less than, equals symbols | Jack measures the mass of some fruit. <br> Look at these signs. $\square$ <br> Write the correct sign in each box <br> mass of the banana $\square$ mass of the pear <br> mass of the apple $\square$ mass of the banana mass of the apple $\square$ mass of the pear Milly needs $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ grams of flour. <br> How much more flour does she need to add to the bowl? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | [EXS] Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); femperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$; capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, | Measuring Vessels <br> Liquids | Pictorial Scales <br> Testbase Questions with pictures <br> ITP | Testbase Questions with no pictures <br> Greater than, less than, equals symbols | Sahil, Marta \& John have 700 ml of pop between them. Sahil and John drink the same amount. Marta has 100 ml more than Sahil and John. How much do they all drink? |



|  |  |  |  |  | What is the difference between temperature $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{C}$ ? <br> How much warmer is thermometer C than B ? |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | [EXS] [KEY] Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money. <br> Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value. | Coins <br> Purses <br> Price Tags | Coins <br> Price Tags <br> BINGO cards | Simple number sentences using + and £ and p symbols. |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  | Look at these coins. How could you make up the same total amount one type of coin? <br> (5p) 5p <br> Holly uses a $£ 1$ coin to buy a pack of stickers. Here is the change she w 20p <br> How much did the pack of stickers cost? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change. | Coins <br> Purses <br> Price Tags | N/A | N/A | A good activity we do here is role play shops linking to our topic e.g. Garden Centre. The children have to set it up, create prices within a particular unit and then role play customers and shop keepers. The customers have £2 to spend until they need to swap over. Change is a key aspect of this. Doing this more than once is beneficial. |


| 2 | [EXS] [KEY] Tell and write the time to fifteen minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. (Drip feed all year!) <br> Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. | Clocks (mini and large) | Clock faces <br> Timetable of events to order | Word problems with no images. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Compare and sequence intervals of time. <br> Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. | Clocks (mini and large) |  |  |  |



| 3 | [KEY] Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m, cm,mm); mass (kg,g); volume. capacity (I,ml). | Scales and various objects to weigh. <br> Can pupils estimate weights of objects? Can the say whether one object is lighter or heavier than another? |  | Compare, Add and subtract Mass <br> i.) <br> $1 \mathrm{~kg} \cdot \% \mathrm{~kg}=$ <br> 2.) <br> $110 \mathrm{~g}+120 \mathrm{~g}$ = <br> 3.) $\quad 200 \mathrm{~g} \cdot 150 \mathrm{~g}=$ | $\qquad$ | Compare, Add and Subtract Mass <br> Craig and Billie are both baking some cup cakes. <br> Craig's bag of flour has a mass of: 400 g Billie's bag of flour has a mass of: 900 g Craig says that his bag of flour has half of the mass of Billie's bag. <br> is Craig correct? <br> Explain your answer. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | [KEY] Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass (kg.g); volume, capacity (l,ml). | Measure the amount of water in your water bottle, in a small container, in a cup, etc. <br> Compare measuring equipment of different sizes. Is the tallest one always going to have the most capacity? Why / why not? |  |  | Georgina is washing her bike. <br> She starts with 900 millilitres of soapy water in a bucket. <br> She uses $\mathbf{1 4 5}$ millilitres to wash both wheels. <br> She uses another $\mathbf{3 8 0}$ millilitres to wash the rest of the bike. How many millilitres are left in Georgina's bucket? |  |


|  |  |  |  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|}\hline \text { Compare, Add \& Subtract Units of Capacity } \\ \hline \text { Billy, Kenny and Donna each have a } \\ \text { bottle of water. } \\ \text { Billy }-200 \mathrm{ml} \\ \text { Kenny }-60 \mathrm{ml} \\ \text { Donna }-300 \mathrm{ml}\end{array}\right\}$How much water do Billy, Kenny <br> and Donna have altogether? <br> How much more water is needed <br> to make 2 litres (2000 ml) of <br> water? |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | [KEY] Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and p in practical contexts. | Turn classroom into shop and have a buyer and seller |  |  | Problem solving and reasoning: <br> Mrs Welch has one pound to spend. She puts these items in her trolley. Does she have enough to buy them all? <br> Explain how you know. | True or false? <br> Explain |
| 3 | Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute. <br> Record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours. <br> Use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., | Setting the time on the clock. <br> Reading the time on a given clock. <br> Timing races. How long does It take to write your name 10 |  |  |  | - The minute hand is on the 4 and the hour hand is just past the 7 . It is 20 minutes to 8 . <br> True or false? <br> Explain your answer. <br> - My birthday is in a month which has less than 31 days. What months could my birthday be in? |




## Year 4

| Year group: | NC L.O. | Practical | Pictorial | Abstract | Problem Solving | Reasoning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Make it! SAY IT | Show it/Draw it! SAY IT | Read/Write it! SAY IT |  |  |
| 4 | Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 - and 24-hour clocks. (Teach first then drip feed all year!) | Clocks (teaching clocks and online clocks) | Write the time shown on the clock in digits and words: | Grace says, <br> 'On my clock face, the big hand is on the 4 and the little hand is between the 8 and the 9 ' <br> What is the time on Grace's clock face? | These are the radio programmes one morning. <br> 7.00 Music show <br> 7.55 Weather report <br> 8.00 News <br> 8.15 Travel news <br> 8.25 Sport <br> 8.45 Holiday programme <br> Josh furns the radio on at 8:05 <br> How many minutes does he have to wait for the Travel news? <br> Sanaa says, <br> 'On my Roman Numeral clock face, the big hand is on the VI and the little hand is between the IX and the $X$ ' <br> What is the time on Sanaa's clock face? | Do these events happen in the a.m. , p.m. or both? <br> Write your answer next to each event: <br> - Coming home from school <br> - Eating your breakfast <br> - Having a shower <br> - Going to bed <br> - Brushing your teeth <br> - Going shopping <br> - The sun coming up <br> - The sun going down <br> Mr Moore is trying to complete the boxes for the time shown on the analogue clock. |



|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days. <br> Drip feed this all year |  |  | Complete the sentences: <br> There are $\qquad$ seconds in a minute. <br> There are $\qquad$ minutes in an hour. <br> There are $\qquad$ hours in a day. <br> There are $\qquad$ months in a year. | Write the missing numbers. |  |
| 4 | [KEY] Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute]. <br> Order: <br> Length, Perimeter, Mass, Volume. Complete time conversions when doing the time objectives. | Rulers <br> Metre sticks <br> Trundle <br> wheels <br> Measuring jugs <br> Scales <br> Clocks (analogue and digital) <br> Cutting objects to specific sizes. | Here are a pencil sharpener, a key and a rubber. <br> What is the length of all three objects, rounded to the nearest centimetre? | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 2 \text { a metre }=? \mathrm{~cm} \\ & 0.3 \text { metres }=? \mathrm{~cm} \\ & 0.45 \text { metres }=? \mathrm{~cm} \\ & 1 / 4 \text { of a metre }=? \mathrm{~cm} \\ & 0.05 \text { metres }=? \mathrm{~cm} \\ & 3 / 100 \text { of a metre }=\mathrm{cm} \end{aligned}$ | Kate has a piece of ribbon one metre long. <br> She cuts off 30 centimetres. <br> How many centimetres of ribbon are left? <br> Mr Tyler is 1 m 97 cm tall. <br> His young daughter is 83 cm tall. <br> What is the difference in their heights |  |




|  |  |  |  |  |  | other and the same perimeter as each other" <br> Is Sam correct? Explain how you know. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | [KEY] Convert between different units of measure [Grams to Kilograms]. <br> Order: <br> Length, Perimeter, Mass, Volume. Complete time conversions when doing the time objectives. | Scales <br> Weights | The large dog weighs 9 kg <br> One of the smaller dogs weighs 4800 g <br> What is the weight, in grams, of the other small dog? | Complete this table, the first two have been done for you. | Half a kilogram of flour makes 4 cakes. <br> How many grams of flour are there in one cake? <br> Senna and Roanna each have a parcel. <br> Senna's parcel weighs $11 / 4 \mathrm{~kg}$. <br> Roanna's parcel weighs $1,800 \mathrm{~g}$ <br> How many more grams does Roanna's parcel weigh than Senna's parcel? | Max has a magical gold bar. <br> Every day the gold bar trebles in weight. <br> On day one the bar weighs 8 grams. <br> What will be the weight of the bar on day two? <br> What will be the weight of the bar on day four? <br> How many days will it take for the bar to weigh more than two kilograms? |
| 4 | [KEY] Convert between different units of measure [Litres and Millilitres]. <br> Order: <br> Length, Perimeter, Mass, Volume. Complete time conversions when | Measuring jugs <br> Scientific syringes <br> Liquid containers | Measuring images: | Complete this conversion table, the first two have been done for you. <br> Litres and millilitres Millilitres <br> 31 and 490 ml <br> 4,365ml | This jug holds $1 / 2$ a litre. | Miss Tonkin's water butt is leaking. <br> Every day the water butt leaks half the water in it. <br> On day one there's 32 litres in the water butt. <br> How many litres are there on day two? <br> How many litres are there on day three? |






| 5 | [KEY] Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres. | Objects that can be measured and combined to make rectilinear shapes e.g. tables, the quad. | Images of rectangles, squares and composite rectilinear shapes. |  | What is the rectilinear <br> 15 cm | er of this composite <br> 11 cm | Alfie has some rectangles. <br> He makes this shape using three of the rectangles. <br> Alfie says: <br> The perimeter of the new shape will be 3 times as big as the single rectangle. <br> Explain why Alfie is incorrect. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



|  |  |  |  | How many kilograms of pasta does he need for 12 people? | Explain why / why not. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [KEY] Convert between different units of metric measure (litre and millilitre). |  | All the water in these two containers is to be poured into the empty container below. | Conversion tables. | A bottle holds 1 litre of lemonade. <br> Rachel fills five glasses with lemonade. <br> She puts 150 ml of lemonade in each glass. <br> How many millilitres of lemonade is left in the bottle? <br> Cola is sold in bottles and cans. |  |


|  |  |  | Draw where the water level will be in the container. |  | Alex buys 5 cans and 3 bottles. <br> She sells the cola in 100 ml glasses. <br> She sells all the cola. <br> a) How many glasses does she sell? <br> Alex charges 50 p per glass. <br> b) How much profit does she make? |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints. | Measuring implements with metric and imperial measuremen ts. <br> Inch-cm rulers <br> Litre-pints measuring cups / jugs <br> g/kg - lbs/ozs weighing scales. | Images of measuring implements with metric and imperial measurements. <br> Inch-cm rulers <br> Litre-pints measuring cups / jugs <br> g/kg - lbs/ozs weighing scales. <br> Conversion graphs | Conversion tables | Victoria buys 4 pints of milk. <br> Give the volume of milk Victoria bought in millilitres and litres. <br> This thermometer shows temperatures in both ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. <br> Work out what $\mathbf{2 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is in ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | Mr Moore has 2 pounds of jam and Miss Goatman has 1 kg of jam. <br> Who has more jam? <br> Prove your answer. <br> Isaac has 9 feet of rope. He is constructing a wall border that is $\mathbf{3}$ metres in length. <br> Isaac says: "I need at least another metre of rope." <br> Do you agree with Isaac? Explain your reasoning. |
| 5 | [KEY] Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, | Objects that can be measured and combined to | Images of rectangles, squares and composite rectilinear shapes. | Calculate the area of these shapes: | Can you draw (not to scale) the following shapes with an area of $64 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. <br> a. A square. | Sarah wants to paint a wall that is 12 metres long and 5 metres high. <br> She has two tins of paint that will each cover 24 m 2 . |



|  |  |  |  | The $\qquad$ of $a$ shape is the sum length of all its sides. <br> There can only be $\qquad$ possible ways of constructing a rectangle with an area of 13 squares because 13 is a $\qquad$ <br> The number of different rectangles that can be constructed for a given area is dependent on the number of $\qquad$ that number has. <br> When constructing rectangular areas some rectangles will look the same. This is because rectangles are like multiplication $\qquad$ $\qquad$ and multiplication is $\qquad$ andiplication |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | Estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm3 blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]. | Dienes <br> Empty containers <br> Empty jugs / cups | Images of cubes and cuboids <br> Images of containers partially filled. | This cuboid is made from centimetre cubes. | Circle the correct amount A tea cup is likely to hold about |  |




## Year 6




|  |  |  |  |  | Which two shapes have the same perimeter as shape A? <br> The\%20Tetris\%20pa ving\%20conundrum <br> The\%20Tetris\%20pa ving\%20extension.d |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles. | Large, plastic Meccano (In DM's room) <br> Maths shapes | Images of triangles and parallelograms, including all types of triangle. | *Find the area of these parallelogran <br> A. ${ }^{\mathrm{s} m}$ <br> B. ${ }^{2 m}$ $\square$ $\square$ <br> c. <br> Find the area of these triangles: | *On your desk there are some Post-it <br> - Stick one in your book. <br> - Measure the base and height. <br> - Round these measurements to the centimetre. <br> - Use the rounded measurements to calculate an estimated area of the note. <br> *Now do the following: <br> - Cut a straight line at an angle acros Post-it note. <br> - Put the two straight ends together t a parallelogram. <br> *Has your shape changed? | Here is a company logo consisting of three identical parallelograms. The total area of the logo is $108 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ and the base and height of each parallelogram is a whole number. <br> List all possible values for the base and height of one parallelogram. <br> Look at all the possible combinations for the length and base of one parallelogram in the previous question. <br> Which combination do you think would fit best for the parallelograms in the logo? <br> Explain your answer. |



|  |  |  |  |  | *Take another Post-it and make two cuts from adjacent corners to an opposite length <br> What shapes do you have now? <br> Can you calculate the area of the larger shape? <br> Combine the two smaller shapes. Do you notice anything? <br> **The diagram shows 4 identical shaded triangles in a rectangle. <br> The rectangle measures 36 centimetres by 24 centimetres. <br> Calculate the area of one shaded |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm3) and cubic metres (m3), and | Dienes <br> Multi-link cubes | Images of cubes and cuboids, including composite 3D shapes. |  | Cleo has 24 centimetre cubes. She uses all 24 cubes to make a cuboid | Can you find two or more different cuboids each with a volume of 64 cm3? <br> What's the same and what's different about your cuboids? |


| extending to other units |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| [for example, mm 3 and |
| km 3 ]. | | Cubes and |
| :--- |
| cuboids |


|  |  |  |  |  |  <br> Not actua <br> Calculate the width of the cuboid. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes. | Dienes <br> Multi-link <br> cubes <br> Cubes and cuboids <br> Large, plastic Meccano (In DM's room) <br> Maths shapes | Images of 2D and 3D shapes. | *Match the formula to the corresponding area / volume. The same formula may be used more than once. Base $\times$ Height Base ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ Base $\times$ Height $\times$ Width Area of a rectangle of a cuboid Area of a triangle ${ }^{\text {3 }}$ Area of a parallelogram (Base $\times$ Height) +2 | Write the dimensions of a cuboid that has the same volume as the cube below: <br> Not to scale <br> Salt boxes come in two sizes: |  <br> Prove your answer <br> This diagram shows a smaller cube inside a larger cube. The volume of the larger cube is $1000 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. |



