	Y1	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y3	Y5				
Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 2	Spring 1	Summer 1	Autumn 2 and Spring 1 (L1-3: 1 afternoon+1 hour+1 day) (L4-6: 2x40min + 1 day)				
Topic or SA	Торіс	Stand alone	Richard Trevithick	Mighty Metals	What did the Romans do for us?	Mainly stand alone with decoration linked to History				
Unit title	Moving story book	Moving monster	Wheels and axles / Fairground wheel (Y1 and y2 units as they build on from each other)	Pneumatic toys (Robot in a box)	Making a slingshot (Roman chariot)	Moving toys (pop-up book and cam models)				
Design skills progression COMMUNICATION discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design	Explaining how to adapt mechanisms, using bridges or guides to control the movement Designing a moving story book for a given audience	Creating a class design criterion for a moving monster Designing a moving monster for a specific audience in accordance with a design criterion.	 Designing a vehicle (train) that includes wheels, axles and axle holders, which will allow the wheels to move Creating clearly labelled drawings which illustrate movement Selecting a suitable linkage system to produce the desired motions • Designing a wheel Selecting appropriate materials based on their properties 	 Designing a toy which uses a pneumatic system Developing design criteria from a design brief Generating ideas using thumbnail sketches and exploded diagrams Learning that different types of drawings are used in design to explain ideas clearly 	 Designing a shape that reduces air resistance Drawing a net to create a structure from Choosing shapes that increase or decrease speed as a result of air resistance Personalising a design 	Researching existing mechanisms linked to Y5 Science: levers and cams. Designing toys that use a variety of mechanisms linked to Y5 science. Naming the input and output of each mechanism <u>COMMUNICATING IDEAS</u> <u>THROUGH LABELLED</u> <u>DIAGRAMS AND CROSS-</u> <u>SECTIONAL DIAGRAMS.</u>				

Mechanisms Kapow objectives verbatim tweaked/additional objectives Following a design Following a design • Creating a • Measuring, marking, Following a design brief. Adapting cutting and assembling brief. mechanisms pneumatic system to to create moving Making linkages • Selecting materials with increasing accuracy Making mechanisms create a desired models using card for according to their Making a model based linked to Y5 science: motion that use levers levers and split pins characteristics on a chosen design levers and cams, to • Building secure • Following a design and for pivots. produce movement. housing for a sliders. brief pneumatic system Experimenting with Considering the • Using syringes and linkages adjusting aesthetics of the final balloons to create Make skills progression the widths, lengths product by hiding the different types of and mechanisms e.g. using pneumatic systems to thicknesses of card layers, spacers, box. make a functional used. and appealing Selecting materials pneumatic toy Cutting and appropriate for their • Selecting materials assembling product aesthetics and components due to their functional function. neatly. and aesthetic Measuring, marking and characteristics Selecting materials cutting components Manipulating according to their accurately to ensure thy materials to create function correctly. characteristics. different effects by cutting, creasing, folding, weaving

Evaluation skills progression	Testing a finished product, seeing whether it moves as planned and if not, explaining why and how it can be fixed. Reviewing the success of a product by testing it with its intended audience.	Evaluating own designs against design criteria. Using peer feedback to modify a final design. Evaluating different designs. Testing and adapting a design	 Testing mechanisms, identifying what stops wheels from turning, knowing that a wheel needs an axle in order to move Testing and adapting a design Evaluating different designs 	 Using the views of others to improve designs Testing and modifying the outcome, suggesting improvements Understanding the purpose of exploded- diagrams through the eyes of a designer and their client 	• Evaluating the speed of a final product based on: the effect of shape on speed and the accuracy of workmanship on performance	Investigate and analyse existing moving toys. Investigate and analyse different folds and mechanisms linked to Y5 Science: levers, cams. Evaluating final product against the design brief. Suggesting and receiving feedback based on improvements to the
Evaluation	it with its intended	Testing and				feedback based on

Learning that levers and sliders are mechanisms and can make things move. Identifying whether a mechanism is a lever or slider and determining what movement the mechanism will make.	Learning that mechanisms are a collection of moving parts that work together in a machine. Learning that there is an input and output in a mechanism. Identifying mechanisms in everyday objects.	To know that wheels need to be round to rotate and move • To understand that for a wheel to move it must be attached to a rotating axle • To know that an axle moves within an axle holder which is fixed to the vehicle or toy • To know that the frame of a vehicle (chassis) needs to be balanced • To know that different materials have different properties and are therefore suitable for different uses	• To understand how pneumatic systems work • To understand that pneumatic systems can be used as part of a mechanism • To know that pneumatic systems operate by drawing in, releasing and compressing air	 To know that air resistance is the level of drag on an object as it is forced through the air To understand that the shape of a moving object will affect how it moves due to air resistance. 	 Knowing that input is the motion used to start a mechanism. Knowing that the output is the motion that happens as a result of starting the input. Knowing that mechanisms control movement. Describing the different movements, motions and directions that different mechanisms can make. Understand and use appropriate mechanical systems in their product. Using scissors, craft knives, cutting mats, rulers, bench hooks, saws and glue guns safely and effectively. 				

	Lesson 4: Testing and evaluation Pupils test their finished storybooks with their target audience of Reception children and evaluate their end result against the initial design criteria	moving monsters, decorating them as specified in their original designs from Lesson 3 and finally evaluating their efforts against their original Design Brief				
vocabulary	Sliders, mechanism, up, down, left, right, vertical and horizontal to describe movement. Adapt, design criteria, design, Input, model, template	Axle, design Criteria, input, linkage, mechanical, output, pivot, wheel	Design, design criteria, wheel, Ferris wheel, pods, axle, axle holder, frame, mechanism, diagram, equipment, chassis, dowel	Exploded diagram, function, input, linkage, mechanism, motion, net, output, pivot, pneumatic systems, thumbnail sketch, lever, component, research, adapt, properties, reinforce, motion	Air resistance, design, structure, graphics, research, model, chassis, template, aesthetic, design criteria, function, kinetic energy, mechanisms, net	lever, slider, cam, follower, axle, labelled diagrams, cross-sectional diagram, mechanism, mechanical system, input, output

Tools/equipment	Scissors,	Scissors, glue, split pins, rulers, pencils, plasticine, Glue sticks, scissors, masking tape, materials that can be used to make monster features (cotton wool, felt, wool, foil, carrier bags, buttons, lollipop sticks, pipe-cleaners, etc.)	•	items that have wheels, such as bicycles, tricycles, trundle wheels, toy cars, skateboards, trolleys, arranged around the classroom for the children to inspect (see Attention grabber) Straws Paper Glue or masking tape Scissors Materials for making vehicles, such as card boxes, cotton reels, straws, pipe cleaners, Dowel pre-cut to 20cm lengths for the axles, or alternative suitable materials (two lengths per pupil) Materials for decorating	Balloons, tape, small, lightweight toys, syringes, tubing to connect the syringes, disinfectant, masking tape, sandwich bas, a box with a hinged lid, colouring pencils, bottles, elastic bands, glue, scissors, paper fasteners or split pins, egg cartons/tissue/shoe boxes, card, drinking straws, pipe cleaners, cotton wool, buttons, socks	Pre-made demonstration car, wooden dowel, wheels with central holes, drinking straws, paperclips, lollipop sticks, elastic bands, masking tape, glue guns, children's toy cars, drawing and colouring pencils, crash targets (plastic cups, building blocks, cushions etc), coloured card, scissors, stop watches	Scissors, craft knife, cutting mat, ruler, saw, bench hook, glue gun, glue stick
			•	alternative suitable materials (two lengths per pupil) Materials for			

Mechanisms Kapow objectives verbatim tweaked/additional objectives Body: cardboard tubes, cardboard boxes, yoghurt pots axle: straws, dowel (cut to size) Wheels: wooden wheels, card discs, plastic cotton reels Materials for the children to create their wheels, such as lolly sticks, dowel, straws, cocktail sticks, cardboard, split pins, cotton reels, paper straws, yoghurt pots – arrange on tables for children to access. Richard Trevithick The Romans None Key events and/or individuals