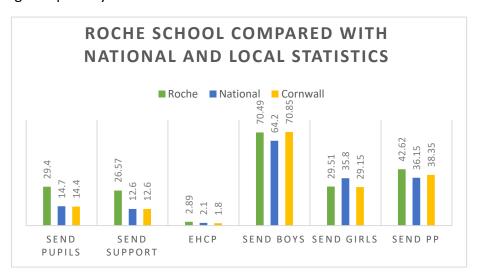




Whole School SEND Strategy 2021-2022

Roche School is a smaller than average mainstream primary school, with a high number of SEND pupils. Of 207 pupils on roll, 55 pupils are classed as SEN Support and 6 have an EHCP. This means that 61 children, or 29.4% of our cohort have some form of additional need/s and as such, require additional to or different from provision to ensure they can make progress and are holistically supported. This is significantly higher than the 14.7% national average for primary schools.



National Statistics: Special educational needs in England, Academic Year 2019/20 – Explore education statistics – GOV.UK (explore-education-statistics.service.gov.uk) (June 2021)

Cornwall Statistics: Published by Cornwall County Council December 2020

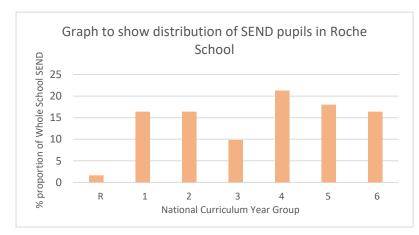
A breakdown of SEND pupils by Year Group is below (January 2022):

NC Year Group	Number of pupils in	Number of SEN Support	Number of EHCP	Number of EHCNA
	class	pupils	pupils	
R	30	1	0	0
1	30	10	1	2
2	30	10	1	0
3	30	6	1	0
4	30	13	0	0
5	30	11	1	1
6	27	10	2	1





The highest area of need at Roche School is Cognition and Learning (39.3%), this is closely followed by Speech, Language and Communication needs, including Autism Spectrum Condition (37.7%). Social, Emotional and Mental Health needs (16.4%) and Sensory and Physical needs (6.6%) are both considerably lower. Below is a breakdown of need per class based on pupils' primary need (some have needs in more than one area).



The SEND Code of Practice: 0-25 years January 2015, p15,16 states:

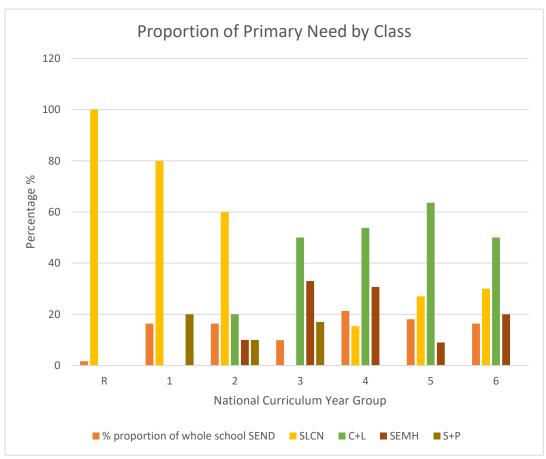
A child or young person has SEN if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for him or her. A child of compulsory school age or a young person has a learning difficulty or disability if he or she:

- A) Has a significant greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age, or
- b) Has a disability which prevents or hinders him or her from making use of facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools or mainstream post-16 institutions.

SEND Code of Practice, p18

The broad areas of need described in the SEND Code of Practice are:

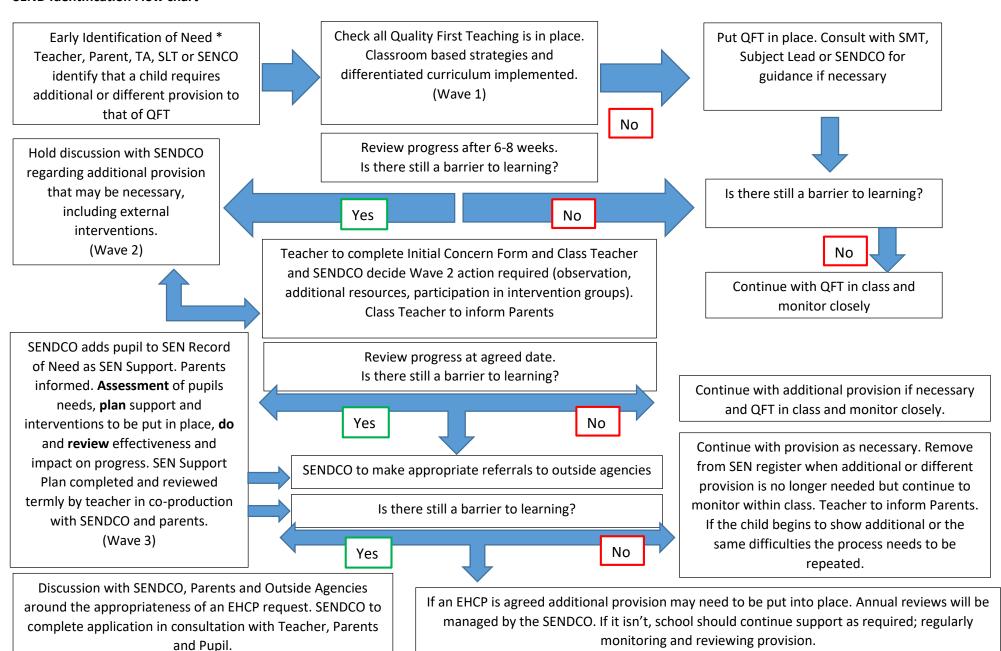
- Communication and Interactio
- Cognition and Learning
- Social, Emotional and Mental Health
- Sensory and/or physical.
- Pupils may have needs in more than one area of need.







SEND Identification Flow chart







Early Identification of Need can come about through a variety of ways:

- For children starting reception class, strong links with Early Years providers are established between the SENDCO and EYFS teacher to ensure all relevant information is passed on.
- Attainment data; at the collection points at the end of each term and at Pupil Performance meetings if a pupil is not making expected progress
- Holistic pupil progress; supported by good engagement with Parents and families.
- Concerns raised by Parents or carers, or other external agencies who are involved with a pupil and/or their family.
- Staff training; following professional development staff are more aware of indicators of additional need.
- Learning walks and lesson observations, including scrutiny of pupil's work, by SMT, subject leaders or the SENDCO.

Description of Provision at Roche School 2021-22

At Roche School, we adopt a Graduated Response to provision for our SEND learners. Please visit https://www.cornwall.gov.uk/graduatedresponse for further information in line with the Local Offer.

Wave 1 (Universal)	Wave 2 (Targeted)	Wave 3 (Specialist)
Quality inclusive teaching which takes into account the learning needs of all the children	Specific, additional and time-limited interventions provided for some children	Targeted provision for a minority of children where it is necessary to provide highly
in the classroom. This includes providing differentiated work and creating an inclusive learning environment.	who need help to accelerate their progress to enable them to work at or above agerelated expectations. Wave 2 interventions are often targeted at a group of pupils with	tailored intervention to accelerate progress or enable children to achieve their potential. This may include specialist interventions from outside agencies.
	similar needs, although can be individual.	

A SEND support plan, which is Roche School's name for Assess, Plan, Do, Review could be put in place at Wave 1 or 2. Please see our SEND policy and Information Report for further information: Special Educational Needs and Disability – Roche Community Primary School





Communication and Interaction

SEN Code of Practice (DfE, 2015)

6.28 – Children with speech, language and communication needs have difficulty communicating with others. This may be because they have difficulty saying what they want to, understanding what is being said to them or they do not understand or use rules of social communication. The profile for every child with SLCN is different and their needs may change over time.

6.29 – Children with ASC are likely to have particular difficulties with language, communication and imagination, which can impact on how they relate to others.

Wave 1 (Universal)	Wave 2 (Targeted)	Wave 3 (Specialist)
Differentiated curriculum planning, activities,	Traffic light visuals alongside verbal instructions	1:1 support from a teaching assistant at points
delivery & outcomes e.g., simplified language,	Increased differentiation at both input and	throughout the day.
key words on working wall and on spelling lists,	output	A communication plan written by the Speech and
processing time given	Flexible adult support on a "needs-led" basis	Language Therapy Service.
Careful explanation of new vocabulary.		Twice weekly sessions with our trained Language
Structured school & class routines	Pre teaching of key vocabulary, particularly for	and Communication Teaching Assistant (LH).
Use of visual prompts/ICT to make learning more	the broader curriculum.	A SEN Support Plan which sets personal targets
visual	A "narrative approach" small group for some	on a regular basis
Multisensory teaching, including physical and	aspects of learning	
visual explanations and instructions, where	Simplification of learning resources	Use of signs or symbol systems such as Makaton or the Picture Exchange System (PECS)
possible	Explicit teaching of particular social concepts,	of the ricture exchange system (recs)
Use of nonverbal communication to reinforce what is being said, where possible	including the use of social stories	





Classroom arrangements promote good communication opportunities i.e. Talking Partners and collaborative group work

Visual timetables

Focused small group support on a "needs-led" basis

Opportunities for talk outside of lesson time i.e. clubs, lunchtimes etc

Peer and adult support

Special arrangements in place for assessments, if required

Seating plan and classroom environment takes account of learning needs

Access to Autism Champion (KR) for advice and guidance as appropriate

Additional ICT strategies

Supporting verbal instructions with individual visual aids

An individual visual timetable or/and use of Now/Next boards

Other outside agencies, such as ASD support team, if required.

Access to a learning environment where social demand is less for part of the day

A high level of supervision (1:1 Teaching Assistant)

A highly structured and individualised learning programme





Cognition and Learning

SEND Code of Practice (DfE, 2015)

6.30 – Support for learning difficulties may be required when children learn at a slower pace than their peers, even with appropriate differentiation. Learning difficulties cover a wide range of needs, including moderate learning difficulties (MLD) through to profound and multiple learning difficulties (PMLD), such as Down's syndrome.

6.31 – Specific learning difficulties (SpLD), affect one or more specific aspects of learning. This encompasses a range of conditions such as dyslexia, dyscalculia and dyspraxia.

Wave 1 (Universal)	Wave 2 (Targeted)	Wave 3 (Specialist)
Appropriately differentiated curriculum taking into account individual learner's needs	Increasingly differentiated curriculum, including activities and/or materials, input and output.	1:1 support from a teaching assistant at points throughout the day, as required.
Groupings and seating arrangements that facilitate learning	Extended opportunity to learn through play for some pupils.	A SEN Support Plan which sets personal targets on a regular basis
Careful consideration of language used Whole school environment takes account of learning needs i.e. illustrated signs A multi-sensory approach is used across the curriculum Range of ICT used on a regular basis – TTRS, Numbots	Seating arrangements consider learner's needs Careful adult support to promote and facilitate independent learning. Alternative recording methods. Personal visual time table (Now/Next) Visual task boards to help a child stay on track	Other outside agencies, such as Physical and Medical needs team, Educational Psychologist or Cognition and Learning Service, if required. A structured and safe learning environment A high level of supervision (1:1 teaching assistant)





Pictorial, concrete and practical materials are available.

Tools to support and scaffold learning are available i.e. word mats

Range of resources in classrooms to support learning i.e. pencil grips, writing frames, word lists, talk tins, manipulatives for maths etc.

Movement breaks and/or fiddle toys to help improve focus and concentration

Multisensory teaching, including physical and visual explanations and instructions, where possible to cater for all learning styles

Coloured paper/overlays and appropriate font size for pupils with visual stress (including on board)

Access to an individual white board or alternative recording strategy if copying is a difficulty

Dyslexia friendly books are available in the library

Movement/sensory breaks may be built into the day

Opportunities for pre-teaching, particularly new topic vocabulary

Opportunities for over-learning to support children with executive function needs

Support to develop key board skills for some pupils i.e. Nessy fingers

Individuals and/or small groups follow evidence based intervention programmes such as Nessy, Precision Teach, phonological awareness, Read Write Inc (intervention) or White Rose Maths.

Special arrangements in place for assessments, if required and if it is the child's standard way of working

A highly structured and individualised learning programme

Regular home-school communication

Explicit teaching of independent learning skills using learning tools such as ICT, visual timetable/prompts, alternative recording methods etc.





Social, emotional and mental health

SEND Code of Practice (DfE, 2015)

6.32 – Children may experience a wide range of social and emotional difficulties which manifest themselves in many ways. These may include becoming withdrawn or isolated, as well as displaying challenging, disruptive or disturbing behaviour. These behaviours may reflect an underlying mental health difficulty such as anxiety or depression. Other children may have disorders such as ADD, ADHD or attachment disorder.

Wave 1 (Universal)	Wave 2 (Targeted)	Wave 3 (Specialist)
Positive relationships with staff and peers; we follow a non-confrontational, trauma informed approach. All staff have accessed training on PACE, attachment and Emotion Coaching	Access to programmes that support and develop social and emotional learning. We have a Trauma Informed School Mental Health practitioner in school fulltime.	Highly modified learning environment and timetable A high level of adult support, including care and supervision.
Environmental adaptations to keep children safe, including a safe space when children are finding it difficult to regulate their emotions. Effective and informed seating plans are	An adapted curriculum or activities at points during the week to support need Adaptations to the learning environment to reflect and support needs	Behaviour Support Plan to inform all adults on how best to support and co-regulate with the child 1:1 support with staff trained in supporting
being used. Consistent behaviour management is used by all staff, especially reinforcement of positive behaviour.	Supportive arrangements for break/lunch times Risk assessments completed for return to school after COVID-19 school closures During remote learning – regular 1:1 video calls with staff	pupils with SEMH needs (TIS, Team Teach) Access to identified key adult(s) Support from outside agencies such as ASD support team or CAMHS and close communication with any external agencies





Meaningful rewards and sanctions in use,
including visual prompts.

Appropriate differentiation of the curriculum.

PSHE scheme provides opportunity for social and emotional development.

Weekly assemblies that focus on wellbeing

Emotion coaching approach used whole school.

A flexible approach to different behaviours i.e. understanding that an anxious child may not contribute whole-class

Daily P.E. lessons for physical activity and wellbeing.

Structured routines and use of visual timetable with pre-warning of change where possible

An adult to talk to when needed; I Wish My Teacher Knew available at all times

Close communication with parents/carers and pupils about upcoming trips so suitable arrangements to support the child can be made

Awareness of how an activity may trigger a response in some children i.e. tics can be triggered by stress/excitement

Social stories

1:1 or small group TIS work

supporting the child, so school can further support their work





Sensory and/or Physical needs

SEND Code of Practice (DfE, 2015)

6.34 – Some children have a disability which prevents or hinders them from making use of the educational facilities generally provided. These difficulties can be age related and fluctuate over time. Many children with vision impairment or hearing impairment will require specialist support and/or equipment to access their learning.

6.35 – Some children with a physical disability require additional ongoing support and equipment to access all the opportunities available to their peers.

Wave 1 (Universal)	Wave 2 (Targeted)	Wave 3 (Specialist)
Curriculum differentiation that takes account of individual pupil needs. i.e. a range of hands-on activities where possible	Access to additional teaching in small groups or on an individual basis.	Specialist teachers of the deaf or visually impaired, if required
Na delline of leavete was assettic assissment	Additional and differentiated resources.	Building access arrangements/equipment i.e.
Modelling of how to use specific equipment i.e. P.E., science, music etc	Specialist teachers of the deaf or visually	ramps, accessible toilet etc.
Frequent and sensitive monitoring of a	impaired if required	Staff trained in moving and handling
pupils' understanding.	Use of appropriate ICT i.e. headphones, assistive technology etc.	Staff trained in specialist medical care i.e.
Repetition of contributions from others as		
required i.e. for hearing impaired pupils.	Access arrangements for assessments	Access to a quiet area for specialist teaching
Use of clear and precise instruction with	Movement/sensory breaks built into the day	Access to specialised resources, such as
repetition and review built in naturally.	to support need	braille, if required
Follow any medical advice given for the pupil		





Awareness and adaptation of the classroom environment i.e. sensory overload.

Grouping strategies promote independent and supported learning.

Access to appropriate equipment to support need i.e. pencil grips, adapted scissors, writing slope, wobble cushion, ear defenders etc.

Consideration of the position of the class teacher, board, desks etc. to support all needs i.e. visual or hearing impairment

Staff trained in paediatric first aid, including Epipen administration.

Movement breaks/fiddle toys to support need

Knowledge of children and adapting approach to meet need i.e. not picking a dyspraxic child first but allowing them to observe/process the task

Use of high-contrast resources for visual impairment needs, as required

Specialist equipment for sensory processing i.e. ear defenders, wobble cushions

Opportunity to learn keyboard skills i.e. Nessy fingers

Fine and gross motor skill interventions

Alternative arrangements for lunch/break times i.e. a quiet room, early sitting

Alternative recording methods i.e. ICT

Adapting homework if pupil does not have necessary specialist equipment at home.

Alternative inclusive PE activities for the whole class

Emergency evacuation plans/risk assessments

Staff trained in specialist medical care i.e. diabetes

Close communication with parents/carers and pupils about upcoming trips so suitable arrangements and Risk Assessments to support the child can be made

High level of adult support to aid delivery of individualised learning.

British Sign Language training provided, if required

Specialist equipment recommended by OT i.e. chairs, cutlery

Occupational Therapy programme facilitated, with adult support where necessary

Involvement of community nursing service and an Individual Health Care Plan written and regularly reviewed.





Use of window blinds, screen brightness etc to regulate light for children who are sensitive	Awareness of how an activity may trigger a response in some children i.e. tics can be triggered by stress/excitement	
	Information shared with relevant staff to ensure consistent support school-wide	

Once a pupil is accessing Wave 2 or Wave 3 provision, it may be appropriate to seek support from external agencies. The SENDCO will make a referral, in collaboration with the Parents/carers and the class teacher. Currently, 44% of our SEND pupils have involvement with one or more external agencies. Services we may access include:

- Speech and Language service
- Education Psychologist
- Cognition and Learning Service
- Physical and Medical Needs Team
- Community Nursing Team
- CAMHS
- ASD Support Team
- Early Help Hub
- Occupational Therapy service





Staff training and development

To ensure that our staff are confident in supporting our SEND learners, we ensure that training is provided for their continual professional development. Training is identified by staff audits and pupil needs, for example in 2020-21, whole school and specialist training on Emotional Wellbeing was provided to ensure our pupils were supported in the best way following the Covid-19 Pandemic.

This year we have currently got staff training arranged for:

- September 2021 Read, Write, Inc Phonics (select staff)
- September 2021 Wellbeing and SDP (teaching staff) to be ongoing throughout the year
- September / October 2021 Dyslexia Friendly School training (SENDCO + 1 other)
- October 2021 Emotion coaching refresher (all staff)
- October / November 2021 Training on interventions and diagnostic assessment to be ongoing throughout the year
- May 2022 Designated Mental Health Lead training (SENDCo)

We hope to add to this as the year progresses.

Parental engagement

At Roche School, we strongly believe in the importance of parental engagement for all pupils, but especially our SEND pupils. We aim for class teachers to meet formally with parents of children on an SEN Support Plan three times a year to review their child's progress and gain their insight. Due to the current COVID-19 restrictions, we have to be flexible in how we manage this and now, whilst we are still holding some face-to-face meetings, we are also using telephone and Microsoft Teams to enable communication.

Parents are encouraged to contact the class teacher or SENDCO to discuss matters and many will be in contact much more than three times a year as communication tends to be proportional to a child's need. In addition to the termly meetings, children who have an EHCP also have an annual review, co-ordinated by the SENCO which enables the team around the child to review their progress and plan their next outcomes.

Parental engagement is also a key factor in the early identification of an additional need, so we welcome any parent with a concern to contact the school to discuss this.





In July 2021, a parental survey of SEND pupils was undertaken. We had a 62% response rate. Some key findings were:

- 100% of parents knew who to speak to if they had any concerns regarding their child's provision.
- 96% of parents agreed that they were able to raise concerns when needed in the last academic year.
- 96% of parents knew how they could further support their child at home, following discussions with school.
- 100% of parents knew that their child was receiving additional support and why.
- 90% of parents said they felt informed about their child's progress.
- 100% of parents of EHCP pupils were confident their child was receiving the provision outlined in their plan.





SEND Priorities for 2021 - 2022

INTENT	IN	IPLEMENTATION		IMP	ACT
Target	Actions	Person/s	Resources required	Evaluation –	Timescale and
		responsible		evidence of success	Review
				and impact	
Outcome: To assure	Reading – Review phonics	HC/KW	Time for learning	We want to see:	Aut 1 October half
a curriculum that	data every half term to		walks, book looks and	SEND children make	term phonics
provides for SEND	ensure progress for SEND		conversations with	at least one step	assessments – w/c
children.	pupils and address if not.		pupils to capture	progress per half	1.11.21
			pupil voice.	term.	
1) To quality	Assess the impact of shared	HC/CG	Time for HC and for		
assure that	reading and the use of		other staff to meet –	SEND children	
the	Accelerated Reader for SEN		possible HLTA cover	accessing lessons and	By w/c 27.9.21
curriculum	pupils		for teaching staff.	talk about the content	
provides	Create individualised	HC/KW		afterwards i.e. book look	
both	carousel approach for lowest	nc/kw		IOOK	
challenge	RWI group.			SEND children	
	ittvi gioup.	HC/JW	Training for HC on	engaging with and	Monitoring beginning
and support for SEND	Wider curriculum - learning	110/300	how to conduct	enjoying their lessons;	Autumn term and
	walks, book looks and pupil		effective book looks.	feeling part of the	continuing
pupils	voice.			lessons.	throughout year +
2) -		НС	Data from RWI,		termly Target
2) To create a	Pupil voice – are pupils		Target Tracker and B		Tracker/ B Squared
shared	engaged and enjoying		Squared.		data
understanding with EYFS	learning? To capture pupil				
team, SENDCo	voice, weekly through SEND				
and SMT for	monitoring schedule and				
what SEND	feedback with teachers either				
Wildt SLIVD					





			1	_
individually or at staff	HC			
meeting.			We want to see:	
			SENDCo confident in	
SENDCo to develop personal			stages and steps of	
knowledge of the EYFS 2021	HC/SS/VT	Training (distance) –	EYFS, including signs	November 2021
curriculum		time to complete.	that a child's	
			development may be	
HC, SS and VT(?) to look at			hindered in some way.	
baseline data to highlight any	HC to deliver	Time to meet to		w/c 18.10.21
possible SEND pupils		discuss; possible HLTA	Prompt identification	
		to cover.	of children whose	
Refresher training for all EYFS			development is a	
staff on whole school SEND		Delivered during class	concern (if any),	TBC with SS
identification and Cause for		meeting time.	including use of	
Concern forms to ensure a			concern forms.	
collaborative approach to				
sharing concerns and early				
identification of SEND, where				
applicable.				
In	MPLEMENTATION	<u> </u>	IMP	ACT
Actions	Person/s	Resources required	Evaluation –	Timescale and
	responsible	-	evidence of success	Review
	•		and impact	
Wellbeing team meet	HC/JC/CP	Time	We want to see:	Beginning 7.9.21 and
regularly as an effective			All staff confident in	ongoing
leadership team.			the delivery and the	-
	HC/JC/CP	Time at staff	rationale of the	15.9.21
Staff introduced to the	Teachers to feedback	meeting/s	whole-school	
pyramid approach to develop	to their class teams		wellbeing plan and	
mental wellbeing at whole			the place of SEND	
school level	HC		pupils within it.	24.11.21
	meeting. SENDCo to develop personal knowledge of the EYFS 2021 curriculum HC, SS and VT(?) to look at baseline data to highlight any possible SEND pupils Refresher training for all EYFS staff on whole school SEND identification and Cause for Concern forms to ensure a collaborative approach to sharing concerns and early identification of SEND, where applicable. Actions Wellbeing team meet regularly as an effective leadership team. Staff introduced to the pyramid approach to develop mental wellbeing at whole	SENDCo to develop personal knowledge of the EYFS 2021 curriculum HC, SS and VT(?) to look at baseline data to highlight any possible SEND pupils Refresher training for all EYFS staff on whole school SEND identification and Cause for Concern forms to ensure a collaborative approach to sharing concerns and early identification of SEND, where applicable. IMPLEMENTATION Actions Person/s responsible Wellbeing team meet regularly as an effective leadership team. Staff introduced to the pyramid approach to develop mental wellbeing at whole	SENDCo to develop personal knowledge of the EYFS 2021 curriculum HC, SS and VT(?) to look at baseline data to highlight any possible SEND pupils Refresher training for all EYFS staff on whole school SEND identification and Cause for Concern forms to ensure a collaborative approach to sharing concerns and early identification of SEND, where applicable. Mathematical Delivered during class meeting time.	meeting. SENDCo to develop personal knowledge of the EYFS 2021 curriculum HC, SS and VT(?) to look at baseline data to highlight any possible SEND pupils Refresher training for all EYFS staff on whole school SEND identification and Cause for Concern forms to ensure a collaborative approach to sharing concerns and early identification of SEND, where applicable. MPLEMENTATION Mere applicable HC/JC/CP Time Me want to see:





SCHO						
	outcomes for			Twilight session inc		
	(SEND)	Training on Emotion		overtime pay (1 hr)	All children with an	
	children by	Coaching in revisited for all		for teaching	understanding of	
	considering	staff	HC/JC/CP	assistants.	what wellbeing is and	
	and			Time for meetings	how they can improve	
	promoting	Wellbeing team to develop		and training, possible	personal wellbeing	As identified,
	their mental	and deliver further staff		further overtime		reviewed at half
	wellbeing	training throughout the year	HC/JC/CP	needed.	All children safe and	termly wellbeing
				Time to go into class	happy with school	team meetings
2)	Ensure whole	Assess impact of whole-		and speak with		
	school	school wellbeing plan		children – possible	Identified children	w/c 1.11.21
	understanding	through pupil voice, including	НС	HLTA cover	show benefit/progress	,
	of SEND with	SEND children		Dennison centre and	from baseline to	
	the new			resources for TIS.	assessment following	
	wellbeing	Implementation of Trauma		Time for HC and	TIS work	
	agenda	Informed Schools group and		children to meet and		w/c 20.9.21
		1:1 work, including		for HC and class		,
		identification of children and	НС	teacher to review.		
		evaluation of its impact.				
		oranganon or no mipaon		Individual class		
		Staff aware of the crossovers		teacher APDR		w/c 27.9.21 (first
		of SEND within the wellbeing		conversations (time)		APDR reviews) and
		strategy; the impact of		and possible further		ongoing
		wellbeing on presentation of	HC/JW	staff training if		Oligoliig
		individual needs.	110/300	required.		
		individual fieeds.		requireu.		
		Governors to have clear		Governor meetings		Aut 1 or Aut 2
		understanding of the		Governor meetings		meeting?
		wellbeing agenda and the				meeting:
		part SEND plays within it.				
		part send plays within it.				





INTENT	IMPLEMENTATION			IMPACT	
Target	Actions	Person/s	Resources required	Evaluation –	Timescale and
		responsible		evidence of success	Review
				and impact	
Outcome: Introduce a	Roche School information to	TPAT ICT		We want to see: all	17.9.21
consistent and	be put into the Edukey			staff confidently using	
effective way of	system.			provision map to track	
tracking provision for				impact of SEND	25.9.21
SEND pupils	SENDCo to receive training	HC	Time and Edukey	provision	
	on how to effectively use		software working		
 Implement 	Provision Map software		correctly		
Edukey					4.10.21
Provision Map	All children's provision (and	HC (information from	Time and information		
so all pupils	baselines) input onto	class teachers)	from class teachers		
receiving	Provision Map software		from APDR meetings		
additional or					Shown during CMC
different from	Teaching staff trained on how	HC	ICT and staff meeting		meetings w/c
provision can	to use software as a tool for		time		27.9.21; full training
be tracked	supporting their SEND pupils				Dec 21
and the					
impact of this	Monitor impact of	HC and teachers	Time		Beginning at Aut 2
evaluated	interventions to inform APDR				APDR review;
	and provision for SEND				ongoing
	pupils.				
	pupils.				